The Massillon Independent.

ISSUED SEMI-WEEKLY. MASSILLON, OHIO, THURSDAY JULY 27, 1899. XXXVIII—NO. 19

BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

BANKS.

UNION NATIONAL BANK, Massillon, Ohio, J. H. Hunt, President, H. L. McLain, Cashier.

HARDWARE.

S. A. CONRAD & CO., Dealer in Foreign and Domestic Hardware, etc., Main street.

MANUFACTORIES.

RUSSELL & CO., manufacturers of Threshing Machines, Portable, Semi-Portable and Traction Engines, Horse powers, Saw Mills, &c.

MASSILLON ROLLING MILL, Jos. Corns & Son, Proprietors, manufacturers of a superior quality of Merchant Bar and Blacksmith Iron.

MASSILLON GLASS FACTORY, manufactures Green Glass Hollow Ware, Beer Bottles, Flasks, &c.

MASSILLON IRON BRIDGE CO. Manufacturers of Bridges, Roofs and General Iron Structures.

JEWELERS.

C. F. VON KANEL, East Side Jewelry Store East Main street.

JOSEPH COLEMAN' dealer in Watches, Clocks Jewelry, Silverware, Musical Instruments, etc. No. 5 South Erie street.

Some time twixt spring and the wane of the year, you should avail yourself of nature's bounteous and soothing passageway between Cleveland and Buffalo. Go often. Be continuously merry.

The great chain of unsalted seas present as pretty a water-color picture as you could desire to brush against. The humdrum monotony of every day life becomes but a fleeting remembrance, care and ennui give way to the restful delights of the present, and you get your money's worth.

We have a fleet of powerful, commodious and magnificently appointed steamers, which ply between the cities of Cleveland and Buffalo nightly, and Cleveland and Toledo each day.

The Cleveland & Buffalo Transit Company, Cleveland, O.

Marquette, on Lake Superior,

Is one of the most charming summer resorts reached via the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway.

Its healthful location, beautiful scenery, good hotels and complete immunity from hay fever, make a summer outing at Marquette, Mich., very attractive from the standpoint of health, rest and comfort.

For particulars apply to the nearest ticket agent or address Geo. H. Heafford, General Passenger Agent, Chicago, Ill.

Low Rates to Colorado.

Chicago & North-Western Railway, August 5, 6 and 7; one fare for the round trip, plus $2.00, from Chicago to Denver, Pueblo and Colorado Springs, limited to return August 31, 1899. The "Colorado Special" leaves Chicago 10:00 a.m. daily, arrives in Denver 2:55 next day and Colorado Springs same evening, only one night en route. All meals in dining cars. Pacific Express leaves Chicago at 10:30 p. m. daily and arrives in Denver and Colorado Springs the second morning, no change of cars for either train. For particulars apply to agents of connecting lines or D. W. Aldridge, 127 The Arcade, Cleveland, O

For Over Fifty Years

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for children teething. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhoea. 25c a bottle

Toronto, Ont., and Return $5.00

From Massillon via C., L. & W. Ry., Aug. 19th, good 15 days.

B & B

Prices Reduced

—cut more vigorously than ever before on good, useful goods.

Most earnest clearing out and sacrifice of odd lots and surplus lines of summer goods ever this store made.

Fine 25c Imported Madras **15c.**
20c Madras **10c.**
12½c Madras Ginghams **6½c.**
Fine 25c woven stripe P. K.s, **10c.**
Imported Dimities 10c, 12½c.
12½c American Dimities **5c.**
30c Organdies **15c.**
Other pretty Organdies under price—**10c**
20c double width Cheviottes **10c.**
35 inch fine colored stripe India Linons **7½c**
Good wash goods **4c.**
75c and dollar Dress Goods **35c.**
Useful double width Dress Goods **10c.**
50c India Silks **35c**

Lot of Priestly's fine Black goods, 40 to 42 inch, **50c**—price unapproached for these celebrated, genuine Priestly's goods.

Write for samples—give an idea of what goods, styles for what use, you're interested in, so out of such large lots we'll be sure to send the exact samples you want.

Chance to get good goods for so little money as never before known—we'll let the styles and qualities prove it—and all who investigate will be big gainers.

BOGGS & BUHL,

DEPARTMENT X.

ALLEGHENY, PA.

TO STOP THE RIOTING.

Bishop Horstmann Issued an Address at Cleveland.

HE ASKED PRAYERS FOR PEACE.

Adjutant General Axline In Charge of the Troops—Strikers Denied Connection With Recent Disturbances—Murderer Hawley Held Without Bail.

CLEVELAND, July 26.—Citizens of Cleveland, among whom the street car strike is the chief topic of conversation, added their comments to the address issued by the Right Rev. Ignatius F. Horstman, bishop of the diocese of Cleveland. The utterances of the Catholic divine, a man of great influence among the people of his denomination throughout Ohio, are regarded as vividly expressive of the situation here, and it is expected that his message pleading that the law be observed and civic dignity upheld will result in the subduing of much violence which has made the past week an epoch in local history.

In the course of his address Bishop Horstmann called upon the people to offer no resistance to the authorities, no matter what were their sympathies for the strikers. The address epitomized the situation as follows:

"Anarchy reigns. Riot and rebellion prevails. The civil authority is defied and openly resisted. The city is terrorized by the mob and the militia must be called out to preserve order. The fair name of our city as a law abiding community is in danger. Business has been paralyzed. Visitors fear to enter our portals. Our own citizens are in constant danger of their lives."

Further along he said:

"What, then, is your duty to God, your duty in conscience, to your church, and your country? It is to uphold the civil authority; to obey the laws; to give no countenance to mob violence; to show no sympathy for those who are in rebellion against law and order. Avoid all crowds. Let no idle curiosity lead you to mingle with those who are thus disturbing the public peace. Remember the words of the apostle: "Let every soul be subject to higher power, for there is no power but from God; and those that are, are ordained of God. Therefore he that resisteth the power, resisteth the ordinance of God. And they that resist purchase to themselves damnation. Wherefore be subject of necessity, not only for wrath, but for conscience sake."—Romans XIII. Pray therefore, brethren, that peace may be restored and dwell permanently in our midst, and that brotherly charity may once more reign among us all. Prayer is powerful, and if offered up for peace and unity it may be pleasing to God.

"For the reverend clergy we hereby direct the collect 'pro quacunque tribulations' to be recited in the mass, as pro re gravi, until the present dangers have, through God's mercy, been averted. In the words of that collect: Brethren, pray earnestly. 'Almighty God, despise not thy people crying out to thee in their affliction, but for the glory of thy name, being appeased, relieve us in our necessities. Look down mercifully, we beseech thee, O, Lord, on our tribulations, and turn away the wrath of thy indignation which we justly deserve. Through our Lord, Jesus Christ, thy son, who, with thee and the Holy Ghost, livest and reignest for ever and ever. Amen.'"

Strikers and their friends held a meeting and various speakers protested against the presence of troops and the carrying of arms by private citizens, meaning non-union street car employes.

The day brought forth no new reports of rioting and violence. Rain full during most of the afternoon, and did what the police have been unable to do—keep crowds from collecting and molesting cars. Eleven of the 14 lines of the Big Consolidated Street railway were in operation. The three lines on which cars were not started were the Union, Burton and Clark avenue routes.

H. A. Axline, adjutant general of state troops, is in command of the military here, and approximates the force under him at 20 companies, aggregating nearly 1,200 men. Four hundred of them from Columbus, Newark and Chillicothe, arrived and were distributed about the city at points where it is judged most probable trouble will occur, if any at all takes place. Mayor Farley said that he thought the force of police and soldiers under General Axline sufficient to overawe any mobs which might collect. He refused to say whether or no he purposed the disarmament of the non-union men now operating the street cars, and whose use of arms was generally commented upon as "too promiscuous." A state law exists which declares that a defendant arrested for carrying weapons, upon proving that he believed his life, liberty or property endangered while pursuing any lawful act, shall be discharged. Several non-union men, arrested on this charge, have been discharged under the act referred to.

Mayor Farley, General Axline, Police Director Barrett and Assistant Corporation Counsel M. B. Excell held a long conference over the situation. The result was that a large guard of soldiers was sent to South Brooklyn, where the mayor believed the disturbing element to be strongest. The executive committe of the strikers, meeting, issued a statement denying any connection with recent disturbances, including the nitroglycerin explosion which Sunday wrecked a Euclid avenue car, and aver their determination to refrain from any unlawful acts. Friends of the strikers are asked to withdraw their patronage from the Big Consolidated company.

Ralph Hawley, the non-union conductor who killed Henry Cornweit, a boy, appeared before a magistrate charged with murder in the second degree. The hearing was postponed and the defendant held without bail.

Mayor Farley issued a proclamation calling upon the citizens to act calmly during the excitement of the strike and to remain off the streets as much as possible.

With the coming of darkness small riots, mostly in the foreign inhabited part of the city, made their appearance and conflicts in which nobody was seriously hurt took place between the soldiers and police on one side and alleged strikers and their sympathizers on the other. At Clay and Pearl streets conflicts were frequent and a number of arrests were made.

ALASKA BOUNDARY DISPUTE

Secretary Hay Reported to the Cabinet That England Seemed Willing to Negotiate Direct.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—The main topic discussed at the cabinet meeting was the Alaskan boundary line dispute. Secretary Hay explained the status of the direct negotiations now in progress between himself and Mr. Tower, the British charge, and said that he was not without hope that this vexed problem would be solved by direct negotiations.

Great Britain seemed willing to consider the proposal of the United States to give Canada the privilege of a port of entry into the Dominion while retaining absolute sovereignty over the Lynn canal and it is around this sort of a proposition that the hope of a settlement now hovers. The speeches of Sir Wilfrid Laurier and Sir Charles Tupper came up incidentally, but no serious attention was given them.

ALMOST A MUTINY OF THE VOLUNTEERS.

Correspondent Said Otis Prevented It by Starting the Home-Going—Complains of Censorship.

LONDON, July 26.—A private letter received here from a war correspondent at Manila and dated June 17 said:

"There seems to be no end of the war in sight. The censorship is constantly becoming more troublesome. General Otis recently established a rule that any matter relating to the navy must be taken to the commander of the fleet for his approval and afterward submitted to the military censor, thus adding to our difficulties. For some reason which the censor would not explain General Otis refused to allow us to send the death of the Monadnock's captain (Nichols) for two days after its occurrence. The general also refused to let us send news of the disappearance of Captain Rockefeller (April 28) on the ground that it would worry his family, or the killing of Captain Tilly of the signal corps until the next day. The correspondents are all very tired of this arrangement, which simply means that they must go out and run large chances of getting shot several times a week with no chance of making reputations, because their stories must always reflect Otis' views.

"It is impossible to write the truth about the situation. The resources and fighting qualities of the natives are quite misunderstood by the American papers and we cannot write facts without being accused of treason; nor can we tell of the practically unanimous opposition to and dislike of the war among the American troops. The volunteers, or at least a portion of them, were at one time on the verge of mutiny, and unless General Otis had begun sending them homewards there would have been sensational developments.

"We have been absolutely refused all hospital figures."

MURDER SUSPECT ARRESTED.

Connors Under Suspicion of Being Mixed Up In Brant Killing.

CINCINNATI, July 26.—Detective Shevelin of St. Louis arrested John Connors on a charge of murder. About a year ago at St. Louis, Charles A. Brant, a stenographer, was held up by three men and shot to death. Brant married the daughter of Colonel Harding, the millionaire sporting man of Long Island, N. Y. The father told her that she must leave her husband or he would disinherit her. She left, but correspondence showed the young couple intended to live together again.

George Harding, the son of the millionaire, was arrested on suspicion of the killing, but proved an alibi. Two of the men accused of the murder, Ed Hellman and Harry Morris of St. Louis, were sentenced to 15 years in the penitentiary, for burglary.

One of them, it was said, "squealed," and as a result, Connors was arrested. He said he would prove an alibi.

DECLARED FAITH IN ALGER.

Detroit Council Passed a Resolution. Three-Cent Car Fares Up.

DETROIT, July 26.—Mayor Maybury sent to the common council a message in which he contended that the council had power under the older street railway ordinances to regulate rates of fare. The mayor suggested that the council pass amendments to these ordinances, fixing the rate of fare at 3 cents. Council referred them to the committee on judiciary and the corporation council. The Lake Shore and Mount Clemens Suburban Railway company made application for an entrance to the center of the city. The application promised 3-cent fares within the city limits. The ordinance was ordered printed and placed on its first and second readings.

The council officially and unanimously declared faith in Secretary Alger and endorsed the reception which will be tendered him upon his return from Washington.

Killed His Wife and Himself.

KENOVA, W. Va., July 26.—Jesse Adams, aged 30, living on Tug river, killed his wife, aged 24, and then killed himself. Jealousy was given as the cause of the tragedy.

Oscar Gerard Dead.

ADELAIDE, Australia, July 26.—Oscar Gerard, an American comedian, who has been playing with the "Belle of New York" company here, is dead.

Perished In a Burning House.

ASHEVILLE, N. C., July 26.—The home of D. H. Knupp, at Black mountain, was burned. E. Fogote, an architect, and an Englishman, perished.

CALLED OUT TROOPS.

Governor Sent Them to Bainbridge, Ga.

A MAD MOB AFTER A NEGRO.

Several Black Men Lynched In the Vicinity—One Made His Escape—At Brinson a Negro Shot, Cut Up and the Pieces Distributed to the Crowd.

SAVANNAH, July 26.—Telegraphic orders were received here from Governor Chanler, addressed to Captain Middleton of the state militia at Valdosta, and Captain Smith of Thomasville, to "report to Sheriff Patterson at Bainbridge with all your available men at once" and to "act strictly under his orders." The governor's message is mandatory. It says: "Go at once." The men started.

The troops are wanted to protect the sheriff and the jail against the attack of a mob that is after John Williams, a negro, who is charged with attempted assault on two white girls. Williams entered their room while asleep and had seized one of the girls when he was frightened away. A large crowd of country people are in town and swear they will have Williams if they have to dynamite the jail.

The mob surrounded the jail and were calling for Williams.

BAINBRIDGE, Ga., July 26.—The mob, which has lynched several negroes within the last few days for complicity in the Saffold outrage, was still abroad looking for the remaining members of the gang. They located "Kid Jim," one of the culprits, in a house near Pinckard, but he made his escape. Sam Thompson, an old negro who harbored him, was severely whipped.

BRINSON, Ga., July 26.—Charles Mack, leader of the gang that has been robbing and raping in this vicinity, was lynched at Saffold and his body cut into hundreds of pieces. Mack, after being identified, was taken to the big oak tree near the Ogletree home, on which Sammins met his death, and strung up.

As his feet left the ground hundreds of shots from the mob were fired into his body. After he was dead he was taken down and the body cut into small pieces and distributed among the mob, which numbered 200 or 300.

Mack led Sammins into the Ogletree home and after robbing the inmates assaulted Mrs. Ogletree in her husband's presence.

Negro Shot to Death.

HATTIESBURG, Miss., July 26.—Henry Novels, a negro, who attempted to assault Miss Rosaline Davis, was captured and was identified by Miss Davis. Novels was tied to a tree and shot to death by the angry crowd.

PADRONE SYSTEM EXISTS.

McSweeney Denied It Had Been Wiped Out—Testimony on the Immigration Question.

NEW YORK, July 26.—The sub-committee of United States industrial commission which is inquiring into the working of the immigration laws at this port, resumed the examination of Assistant Commissioner of Immigration Edward McSweeney. Chairman Colonel Ellison A. Smyth questioned the witness regarding the existence of the padrone system in this country. Mr. McSweeney said the system still exists. Immigrants, he said, are controlled by certain bankers after they come here; the commissariat is regulated by these men; the money of the immigrant is sent back to Italy by these men. The system reputed to have obtained years ago whereby the bankers induced those men to come here, he did not think any longer existed, because there was no need for it. They now come of their own accord.

Gustav H. Schwab, one of the agents of the North German Lloyd Steamship company, testified that he believed the immigration laws were intelligently and carefully executed. He said that the steamship companies had issued orders to their agents to investigate all persons applying for passage and his company held such agents personally responsible if the immigrant is returned.

Mr. Schwab spoke of the educational test and said he thought it unwise to keep out the brawn and muscle which was needed for the development of the country.

The present laws were ample to protect the country.

Mr. Schwab opposed the doubling of the head tax, or making it $5 or $10 for each new arrival, which would be prohibitory.

Robert Floyd, representing the Cunard line, said he agreed with everything which Mr. Schwab had said.

J. Ter-Kuile, the agent of the Febre line, said his company brought in about 13,000 immigrants last year, nearly all of whom were Italians. From one-third to two-fifths of these had their fares prepaid in this country.

Mr. Kuile said that to his knowledge the evils of the padrone system had been wiped out.

Arthur Lederer, passenger manager of the American Red Star line, said his company last year brought 25,000 passengers in the steerage. Of these 40 per cent were prepaid.

Gideon J. Tucker Died.

NEW YORK, July 26.—Gideon J. Tucker, ex-secretary of state of New York state, died at his home in this city from a complication of diseases. He was 73 years old.

Argument In Molineux Case.

NEW YORK, July 26.—Barlow S. Weeks appeared before Judge Blanchard in the court of general sessions and argued a motion to inspect the grand jury's minutes in the case of Roland B. Molineux, indicted for the murder of Mrs. Katherine J. Adams. The motion was opposed by Assistant District Attorney Osborne. Decision was reserved.

ALGER SAID FAREWELL.

Bade His Colleagues Adieu at the Cabinet Meeting—Root, His Successor, Was Introduced.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—The features of the cabinet meeting were the farewell of Secretary Alger and the presentation of his successor, Mr. Root. About half an hour after the cabinet had assembled, Mr. Root appeared at the White House. He was admitted and formally presented to those of his new colleagues whom he had not met. His greeting was pleasant and cordial. He remained but a few minutes, leaving shortly afterward to catch a train for New York.

When he left the White House he said he would return and assume charge of the war department Aug. 1. Shortly after Mr. Root had left Mr. Alger made his adieus. He shook hands with the president and each member of the cabinet. In saying farewell there were many kindly expressions of regret and exchanges of well-wishes. The cabinet remained in session about three-quarters of an hour after General Alger's departure.

STARVATION AND DEATH GOLD SEEKERS' REWARD.

Government Asked to Help Edmonton Trail Victims—Woman's Suffering and Escape—Many Lost.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—The cabinet considered an appeal from Fort Wrangel, Alaska, for help for 40 destitute miners arriving there over the Edmonton trail. The government advices reported that over 100 more cases were to follow and while there was no specific appropriation that will cover the case, the result of the discussion was that means will be provided by the government to get them to their homes.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 26.—The steamer Bertha arrived from St. Michaels with 97 passengers and about $1,000,000 in gold. The largest amount owned by one person was $75,000. The purser said that there is wealth in the Cape Nome district, and declared that there was no truth in the stories of failure to find gold there.

Details of the loss of the Bons expedition are told by passengers. Out of a party of 17 people who left Port Townsend June 11, 1898, for Kotzebue sound to prospect for gold only one survives, and that is Mrs. H. W. Bens of Clay City, Ky., who arrived in the Bertha. For over 12 weeks she watched over her sick husband with no one to aid her, and when he died she was left alone in the wilderness. After walking about nine miles she found a cabin in which three fishermen were wintering. She became sick of scurvy, was tenderly cared for and finally reached St. Michaels.

VANCOUVER, B. C., July 26.—C. R. Maltby arrived here from Dawson was about 15 months on the Edmonton route. With about 100 other prospectors he wintered at Wind City. When he left in January 16 men were sick with scurvy. He heard in March that Dr. Mason of Chicago and W. Gouchie, son of a Chicago banker, were dying.

There were about 50 men stranded there, scurvy stricken and frozen. E. H. Harris of Hamilton had both feet frozen and they were amputated at the ankles. Two Russians named Boorman, from California, were dying with scurvy. They were living on the siftings of sour flour.

All would have been well if the Indian guides could have been induced to navigate beyond the divide after reaching Wind City, but there they stopped, saying that some savages ten feet high roamed through the mountains and crushed men between their thumbs and fingers and ate them up. The Indians reported several parties lost in the mountains. These men will never be heard of again. It was after the Indian guides left them that they strayed into the section of the country where there was no fuel and there froze to death. The parties quarreled among themselves and took different routes.

Many remnants of parties were lost in this way.

Mr. Maltby urges that the Canadian government take action against those who are responsible for advertising the Edmonton trail as a feasible route to Dawson when it is nothing but a death trap.

CLOSER FEDERATION OF SOCIETIES.

Committee Appointed by Epworth League Board to Bring It About.

INDIANAPOLIS, July 26.—The controversy over the retention of royalties from song books by Edwin A. Schell of Chicago was settled in the meeting of the board of control of the Epworth League meeting. A resolution was drafted and adopted by the convention. The resolution in substance said that the board having considered the documents submitted to it found that Mr. Schell, general secretary of the Epworth League, committed a serious official wrong, but owing to his assurance that he had no wrong intention and his promise that he would avoid further offense, the board deemed it inadvisable to proceed further in the case. Seven members of the board voted against dropping the investigation and asked that their names be recorded.

The board appointed a committee of the most prominent men of its number to confer with other young people's societies with the view toward bringing about a closer federation of the three international young people's organizations.

BRYAN AS A DELEGATE.

Congressman Clayton said He Would Sit In the Next Democratic National Convention.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—The Post today said:

"Bryan will be a delegate to the next Democratic national convention. This statement was made to a Post reporter yesterday by Congressman Clayton of Alabama, who represents his state upon the Democratic national committee, and who has just returned from the meeting of that committee in Chicago."

HE GAVE UP HIS CASH.

Martin Turned Over About $1,000 to Robbers.

THREAT OF AN AWFUL DEATH.

Members of the Family Bound—Mattresses and Clothing Piled Upon Them and Saturated With Coal Oil—Were About to Ignite the Pile.

GALION, July 26.—Masked burglars entered the home of David Miller, living east of here, and, after binding the members of the family, demanded the key to his safe. It was refused and the burglars piled mattresses and bed clothing on top of their helpless bodies, saturated the mass with kerosene and were about to light it when the old man weakened, accompanied them to his store and unlocked the safe. They secured about $1,000 in money.

A BIG IRON FAMINE.

Feared Some Mills Will Have to Shut Down After Awhile.

CLEVELAND, July 26.—The pigiron famine that was predicted several weeks ago appears to have materialized. The brokers in this city say the dealers are not trying to sell iron for shipment before the first of January next and none is to be had for shipment sooner than Sept. 1.

There will be a long period at the end of the year, it is predicted, when there will be nothing but contract iron. A large percentage of the manufacturers, the per cent being placed as high as 40, are depending entirely upon wild iron, and it is said most of these will have to close down.

Messenger Strike Serious.

CINCINNATI, July 26.—The strike of messenger boys reached serious conditions. Hoodlums and idlers surrounded the telegraph and district offices and intercepted the new messengers in different parts of the city. The messengers were sent out in cabs with a policeman accompanying each driver, but stones and missiles were thrown at the vehicles. Many of the messengers were seriously hurt.

One Killed, Others Knocked Senseless.

NAPOLEON, July 26.—Daniel Hane, aged 19, was instantly killed by lightning. Eight others, composing a threshing gang, were knocked senseless by the same bolt that killed Hane and set fire to the barn where they had taken refuge. The whole party had a narow escape from being burned to death, and two probably will die.

Idle Due to a Strike.

YOUNGSTOWN, July 26.—The finishing mills of the Andrews company, Brown-Bonnell company and Valley works, all owned by the Republic Iron company, were idle owing to a strike among employes not members of the Amalgamated association. They demanded an increase of 25 per cent.

TO RUN AGAINST GOEBEL.

John Young Brown Willing to Be a Candidate For Governor.

LOUISVILLE, July 26.—The announcement was made that John Young Brown, former governor of Kentucky, will accept the nomination for governor in case it was offered to him by the convention to be held at Lexington, Aug. 3, by Democrats opposed to the ticket headed by Mr. Goebel. Governor Brown was quoted as saying:

"I will accept the nomination with pleasure and make the fight of my life for my rights."

McKinleys Left Washington.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—The president left for Lake Champlain this afternoon. Postmaster General Smith, who was to have accompanied the president, did not go with him, but will join the presidential party later. The party consisted of the President and Mrs. McKinley, Miss Sarah Duncan of Cleveland, the president's niece, and Dr. and Mrs. Rixey, Secretary Cortelyou and one or two stenographers, Mrs. McKinley's maid and one of the White House servants.

Trial Ended Without Bloodshed.

CINCINNATI, July 26.—A special from Manchester, Ky., said that at the preliminary trial of George and Peter Philpot for the murder of Morris and the Griffins held by Judge Wright none of the Griffins appeared. After hearing a half dozen or more witnesses the court dismissed the defendants. The Philpots then asked that Green Gibbs be summoned to answer for killing Ed Fisher, but the judge said Gibbs was not able to come into court.

One of Dewey's Chinamen Pensioned.

WASHINGTON, Pa., July 26.—Ah Tu of Shanghai, a landsman who enlisted in the navy in 1884, and was formerly attached to Dewey's flagship Olympia, was granted a pension of $30 a month for lung trouble. He has the distinction of being the first Chinese pensioner of this government.

Dewey Gave a Concert.

TRIESTE, Austria, July 26.—Admiral Dewey entertained Frederick W. Hossfeld, the United States consul here, and a number of other Americans by a concert given on the Olympia by the ship's band. He will sail about Aug. 1 for Naples.

Messenger Boys Strike.

PITTSBURG, July 26.—The messenger boys of the Central District and Printing Telegraph company went out on a strike. There were about 15 or 20 of the Postal boys out, who gave their aid and sympathy to the District boys.

Wheeler and Soldiers Sailed.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 26.—The transport Tartar sailed for Manila with General Joseph Wheeler, a portion of the Nineteenth infantry and a number of recruits for the army for the Philippines on board.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

REPORT OF THE

Board of County Commissioners and Auditor's Exhibit,

SHOWING THE FINANCIAL TRANSACTIONS OF STARK CO.

FOR THE YEAR ENDING AUGUST 31, 1898.

Auditors' Office, Stark County,
Canton, Ohio. October 17th, 1898.

TO THE HON. T. T. McCARTY,

Judge of Common Pleas Court, Stark County, Ohio:

In accordance with the provisions of the Revised Statutes of the State of Ohio, we respectfully submit the following statement of the financial affairs of the County for the year ending August 31st, 1898:

BONDED INDEBTEDNESS FOR STARK COUNTY.

September 1st, 1898.

Court House Bonds 5 per cent	$100 000
Refunding Bonds 5 per cent	95,000
Work House Bonds 5 per cent	50 000
General Fund Bonds 5 per cent	25.000
Poor Relief Bonds 5 per cent	16 000
Infirmary Bonds 5 per cent	12 000
Stark County Court House Bonds 5 per cent	10 000
Agricultural Society Notes 6 per cent	2,250
Total	$310 250

DUE AND PAYABLE AS FOLLOWS:

September 21 1899	$ 5 000
August 12 1899	17 250
September 21 1899	5 000
March 2 1900	6 000
August 12 1900	15 000
March 2 1901	12 000
August 12 1901	20,000
May 1, 1902	22 000
May 1 1903	18 000
March 14 1904	10 000
July 12 1904	10 000
March 14, 1905	1 000
July 12 1905	10 000
March 14 1906	10 000
July 12 1906	10 000
March 14 1907	10 000
July 12 1907	10,000
March 14 1908	10 000
July 12 1908	10,000
March 14 1909	10 000
July 12 1909	10 000
March 14 1910	10 000
July 12, 1910	10 000
March 14 1911	10 000
July 12 1911	10 000
March 14, 1912	10 000
July 12 1912	10 000
March 14 1913	10 000
Total	$310,250

FUNDS.	Balance Sep 1, 1897	Overdraft Sep 1, 1897	Received Sep 1, 1897 to Sep 1, 1898	Disbursed Sep 1, 1897 to Sep 1, 1898	Total Receipts	Total Disbursements	Balance Sep 1, 1898	Overdraft Sep 1, 1898
County Fund		4 716 40	89,677 61	89,570 14	89,677 61	94,293 54		14,107 00
Poor Fund			32,695 50	32,695 50	32,695 50	32,695 50		
Bridge Fund	14,700 01		29,165 01	17,802 70	43,865 01	71,037 02	8,146 00	
Children's Home Fund			13,000 00	11,692 73	13,000 00	11,692 73	1,307 27	
Teachers' Institute Fund			451 80	451 80	451 80	451 80		
Sheep Fund			4,029 88	4,029 88	4,029 88	4,029 88		
Building Fund			3,724 63	3,358 75	3,724 63	3,358 75	1,001 81	
Undesignated Fund	1,078 95		12,102 82	13,568 00	13,181 77	13,568 00	1,691 15	
Soldier's Relief Fund	3,057 02		10,170 95	9,510 25	13,227 97	9,510 25	3,717 72	
Ditch Fund	3,612 63	1,835 84	694 89	846 51	4,307 52	2,682 35	1,625 17	
Election Fund	6,149 50		10,250 20	7,329 62	16,399 70	7,329 62	9,070 08	
Workhouse Fund	1,047 23		31,954 73	30,811 40	33,001 96	32,858 63	143 33	
Bridge Fund	6,110 50	4 716 40	4 961 42	6,961 42	11,071 92	11,677 82		605 90
Redemption Fund			2,088 83	2,088 83	2,088 83	2,088 83		
Street Assessments	18 30				18 30		18 30	
Interest and Debt Fund			44,506 87	40,106 78	44,506 87	40,106 78	4,400 09	
Sheep Fund	1,078 95		3,258 75	3,358 75	4,337 70	4,437 70		100 00
Election Fund	6,149 50		10,250 20	7,329 62	16,399 70	7,329 62	9,070 08	
Workhouse Fund	143 33		12,800 00	12,656 67	12,943 33	12,800 00	143 33	
Bridge Fund	6,110 50	4 716 40	4 961 42	6,961 42	11,071 92	11,677 82		605 90
Redemption Fund			2,088 83	2,088 83	2,088 83	2,088 83		
Street Assessments	18 30				18 30		18 30	
State Fund			1,000 00	1,000 00	1,000 00	1,000 00		
Dog Fund			2,228 00	2,228 00	2,228 00	2,228 00		
Road Fund			10,000 00	10,000 00	10,000 00	10,000 00		
Road Fund			886 81	886 81	886 81	886 81		
Redemption Fund			230,700 21	230,700 21	230,700 21	230,700 21		
Special Taxes Fund			1,200 00	1,200 00	1,200 00	1,200 00		
State School Fund			46,967 31	46,967 31	46,967 31	46,967 31		
Township Fund			16,738 98	16,738 98	16,738 98	16,738 98		
Cigarette Fund			115,140 99	115,140 99	115,140 99	115,140 99		
Corporation Fund			87,363 73	87,363 73	87,363 73	87,363 73		
Show License Fund			38,011 49	38,011 49	38,011 49	38,011 49		
Redemption Fund			8,117 00	8,117 00	8,117 00	8,117 00		
Redemption Fund			17,882 20	17,882 20	17,882 20	17,882 20		
Totals	49,110 87	10,268 64	1,105,550 09	1,105,831 09	1,155,660 96	1,111,417 55	49,110 87	16,106 95
Balances	39,110 87	10,065 10						27,118 41

COUNTY FUND DISBURSEMENTS.

Salaries of all county assessors for 1898	$4 569 00
J. F Fans salary as chaplain at jail	301 66
P N Ball salary as fireman at court house	537 50
Isaac Judd salary as night watchman	625 00
S Wolf salary as night watchman at Treas office	495 00
James R Campbell salary as motorman at court house	600 00
J H. Alexander salary as janitor at court house	275 95
R N Ulman, salary as janitor at court house	150 00
Isaac Norville salary as ass't janitor at court house	426 67
Mrs Renerd salary as janitress at court house	406 87
Nina S Iverman salary as janitress at court house	490 00
Chas Silverman salary as janitor at court house	621 67
H T Holman salary as janitor court room at court house	240 00
C D Hauptfuer salary as janitor at court house	240 00
C D Hauptfuer, salary as court bailiff at court house	602 08
H T. Holman salary as court bailiff at court house	602 08
T C Putnam salary as Infirmary Director	252 15
Henry Bixler " "	462 02
Wm Hargrove " "	378 55
J M Howenstine " "	378 22
J S Hoover allowance as Co Surveyor	577 25
J H Shearer, services in Soldiers Relief Commission	10 75
E A Jones " "	34 00
H S Moses " "	150 10
Amount paid for burial of indigent soldiers	455 00
E A Bowman, amount of fees paid as tax inquisitor	5,034 72
Chas Slagle " " Dow tax inquisitor	100 95
S B Post, salary as purse clerk at co jail	62 50
E J Maron " "	69 10
J M Sarver, salary and expenses as Co school examiner	104 00
Jos Ellis " "	188 00
Jas A Saler " "	255 23
T W Casselman, fees and allowances as clerk of courts	2 180 48
H A Wise, " " probate judge	2,011 50
Wm M Reed salary as Co. Auditor	1,336 20
" " fees for additions to duplicate	1,468 25
" " on Dow collection, hiring assessors returns, &c	2,037 96
Atlee Pomerene, salary and fees as Pros. attorney	1,983 14
Wm M Morrison amt paid for detective services	797 91
Mamie Manly stenographer pros attorney	925 00
Belle Norwood, fees and salary as court stenographer	915 28
Fred Marpe, " "	191 30
C E Pippitt, salary as law librarian	500 04
Josiah Shively, salary as special court constable	24 00
Hiram Doll boarding prisoners and special fees	1,781 49
Jos A Reed, amount paid for indexing	2,482 45
John Skeels, amount paid cleaning ash pit at court house	40 00
John R Poyser, salary and allowances as commissioner	337 63
Lew. W Johnson " "	1,901 55
R B Crawford " "	1,800 05
J B Summer " "	1,499 23
Amount paid treasurers of schools for settling school funds	74 00
" " for insurance on county buildings	328 17
" " for defending indigent prisoners in Co	1,550 00
Canton Board of Equalization, salaries of members of board	2,200 00
Massillon " " " " "	780 76
Alliance " " " " "	593 64
Amount paid for stationery, blank books tax receipts &c. for all county officials	3,575 84
The Democrat Publishing Co., amount paid for printing and advertising	$ 305 50
The Repository Printing Co. " " "	1 186 90
The Standard Review Pub. Co. " " "	229 25
The Independent Co. " " "	235 50
The Leader Printing Co " " "	466 50
The Ohio Volks-Zeitung " " "	833 15
The Chronicle Publishing Co. " " "	194 00
The Oatman Printing Co. " " "	8 00
Ohio Girls Industrial Home, clothing for inmates	136 68
Ohio State Hospital, Toledo "	1,613 60
Boys Industrial Home, Lancaster "	896 55
Ohio Inst Deaf and Dumb Columbus "	38 5
" Blind " "	143 64
" Feeble-minded Youth " "	982 22
" Gallipolis " "	69 00
Ohio State Medical Board	20 00
Amount paid mayors, coroners, etc. on transcripts	3,000 8
The Canton Light, Heat and Power Co., light and power	2,752 34
The Canton Gas Light and Coke Co., gas at jail	37 57
Amount paid for clothing, cleaning repairs etc at jail	212 92
" " supplies at court house and jail	643 55
Interurban Toilet Supply Co., supplies at court house	63 00
The Central Union Telephone Co. rental and tolls	367 38
Amount paid for meals for jurors while on duty	13 65
City of Canton, street assessments due from county	179 92
Amount paid for postage, freight, etc	179 38
" " coal at court house and jail	884 11
The Artificial Ice and Storage Co. ice	131 46
Amount paid for expenses farmers substitute in county	199 10
" " examination commissioners report	60 00
" " county treasury	100 00
T C Nighman, sprinkling around court house	75 00
Amount paid for court orders redeemed jurors, witnesses, etc	10 013 15
" " probate court ord. " "	569 75
" " orders redeemed on inquests of lunacy	2 057 64
" " janitor school examiners	24 00
" " O W Kurtz, address at Boxwell examination	10 00
" " shaving prisoners in jail	56 32
The Burch Directory Co 7 directories county offices	25 00
Amount paid for postmortems in county	275 33
Mrs C M Everhard expense visiting county institutions	8 30
Chance & Rose, care of clock one year	100 00
Canton Water Works water rent	322 20
Jacob Geib, amount paid for outside collections	45 00
Taxes wrongfully paid and refunded	519 59
Amount paid for collection of delinquent personal taxes	1,674 67
Shilling & Son caring for George Derlick	15 00
" " furnishing place for inquest M DePeyster	15 00
John Peters, cleaning clothes for DePeyster	1 25
Amount paid for examination questions	35 00
C D Bachtel, rent of rooms for county examiners	42 00
J J Zaiser, board of prisoners and other fees	1,452 49
Aultman hospital, care of Wm Blackburn	64 00
A B Peckinpaugh examining treasurer's books etc	60 00
Benj Eason legal service Fox Lake ditch	75 00
W H Kirkland, medical examination of witnesses	10 00
Amount paid viewers on county roads	28 50
Fr Williams, guarding jail four nights	8 00
Amount paid for capturing Dutch Frank	43 00
J E Hallwell, amount paid in truancy cases	157 51
T C McQuate, telephone rent	15 00
A C Brant, fees in Quigley case	10 00
A McCort, $15 00 evidence in statutory case A C Brant, post mortem, $35.00.	50 00
Amount fees paid in Harkey Adams case	11 66
" paid Dr A B Walker et al. services in Tyler case	80 00
Overdraft in County Fund Sept 1, 1897	4,715 40
	$94,285 54

COUNTY FUND RECEIPTS.

By tax levy—collections on duplicate	$68,922 06
Delinquent personal collection, paid from and apportioned back to county fund	1,753 78
Tax refunded from and apportioned back to county fund	519 59
Cost of advertising delinquent sale list apportioned back to Co. Fund	690 80
Inquisitors fees paid from and " "	5,034 73
Amount received from all other sources	5,990 68
Total receipts	$82,877 64
Overdrafts in County Fund September 1, 1898	$11,407 90

POOR FUND DISBURSEMENTS.

Amount paid to physicians for care of poor	$1,176 0
Salaries of superintendent and employees	3,445 65
John C Gerwig, Supt. incidentals	105 03
Amount paid for clothing	1 061 06
" " dry goods	536 24
" " groceries and provisions	2,957 28
" " beef and other meats	3,252 03
" " coal and coke	1 190 16
" " china and glassware	123 20
" " shoes and findings	291 59
" " drugs	688 27
" " liquor	32 75
" " fish	101 00
" " hardware and tinware	777 57
" " tobacco	238 58
" " carpets and furniture	143 69
" " potatoes	717 55
" " flour and feed	451 79
The Central Union Telephone Co., rental and tolls	69 60
Amount paid for repairs on plumbing, heating &c	169 76
" " blacksmithing	128 30
" " printing and advertising	71 58
" " lumber and repairs at infirmary	788 11
The Artificial Ice and Storage co., ice	38 29
Amount paid for burial of paupers	1,075 30
" " relief outside of Infirmary	365 71
" " transporting paupers to Infirmary	350 70
John Skeels, excavating &c	319 30
Amount paid for brick	15 75
Canton Water Works co., water rent	231 20
C H Evans, salary as physician at Infirmary	187 50
H W Faulk " "	62 50
The Ohio Supply co., miscellaneous supplies	82 68
Amount paid for range and mangle	376 80
" " farm implements	74 60
Lawyers fees in court costs	135 00
Transfer to Bridge Fund	10,000 00
Amount paid for livery hire	8 50
J S Hoover, services surveying, &c	43 00
J F Fans, salary as chaplain	41 66
Amount paid for harness	7 70
" " labor	127 39
" " R R fare, freight, &c	16 69
Total disbursements	$32,086 56

POOR FUND RECEIPTS.

Balance on hand Sept 1, 1897	$14,700 01
Received from cigarette tax collection	121 70
" " Dog "	17, 805 57
" " tax levy for poor purposes	8,108 57
" " all other sources	3,158 77
Total Receipts	$43,895 62
Balance on hand September 1, 1898	$11,809 06

BRIDGE FUND DISBURSEMENTS.

The Canton Bridge Co, for bridges and repairs	$4,964 17
The Wrought Iron Bridge Co	21,720 00
The Massillon Bridge Co	8,992 00
Peter Shisler, stone abutments, culverts etc	7,783 11
Albright & Shisler	1,936 30
Hahn Bros	6 467 17
Casimer Hug "	1,87 25
Fr Sheets stone and labor	1,850 00
E D Unkefer "	1,686 22
A Schmachtenberger "	156 20
Seiler & Vogt "	515 70
Ed L Miller "	906 50
Buck & Sons "	166 64
Reese & Trump "	170 50
John Wilson "	1,228 75
John Meinhart "	801 00
F M Roush "	243 00
Ludwig Senft "	249 20
Jac Duprez et al, planking bridges	419 48
I H Meil, fill and replanking bridge	46 00
A C McClintock et al., plank, etc	635 92
Chas Shisler, spikes	13 00
F P Taylor, amount paid for driving through feld	5 00
John N Beazel and A Claymen, repairing bridges	78 40
J J Hankins, planking and repairing bridges	32 60
Hoeland & Heingartner, painting and repairing bridges	956 00
A B Haney, constructing temporary bridge	21 70
Aug Bock et al, stone abutments and culverts	490 61
Good Roads Machine Co, culvert pipe	594 30
Theobald & Co et al, sewer pipe	137 02
E C Mong, tile	12 00
C G Hursh, digging sewer, etc	28 00
C M Crumrine, putting in pipe	10 00
John Skeels, excavating, filling, etc	389 98
J S Hoover, setting stakes	71 00
John Hammer, approach to bridge	38 00
T R Turnbull, fill at Allen and Cherry street bridges	40 94
Louis Greenwald, fill at Jackson st	7 00
John Blantz, steps at church, West Brookfield	50 16
Trustees Canton township, teams, labor, etc	700 00
" Bethlehem " plank and joist	30 36
" Nimishillen " "	105 50
Harry Corl, fill Navarre and Massillon road	276 00
Geo T Humbert, services rendered on road	50 00
Ed Kutchbach, part pay on stonework near Wilmot	200 00
J J Schmucker, balance on contract Nimishillen township	300 00
H E Tressler, damage to fences, etc	8 00
John Clapper " driveway	7 00
J W Taylor, raising bridge	200 45
Shanklin & Oberlin, covering bridge	32 44
A P Young bridge	74 52
Louis Elsass, county's portion Plain tp ditch	60 00
Amount paid for freight, etc	31 81
Jos L Hall	4 25
Oby & Love, railing bridges	19 91
Overdraft, Sept 1, 1897	3,734 26
Total expenditures	$71,037 02

BRIDGE FUND DISBURSEMENTS.

Received from tax levy for bridge purposes	$44,596 75
Received from all other sources	20 000 00
Total receipts	$64,596 75
Overdraft September 1, 1898	$6 440 27

WORKHOUSE DISBURSEMENTS.

J W Pontius, salary as superintendent at workhouse			$ 900 00
Ella J Pontius "	matron	"	225 00
Bessie Pontius "	clerk	"	48 00
O Stackhouse "	guard	"	350 00
H E Krumlauf "	"	"	86 44
N C Blum "	"	"	191 50
L S Buttermore "	"	"	69 72
A Zimmerman "	"	"	256 64
J A Dillon "	"	"	199 80
John A Trump "	"	"	539 84
C C Card "	"	"	515 00
Chas Neithercoat "	"	"	258 16
Geo Jacobs "	"	"	600 00
Andr McCort "	"	"	350 00
Jas Barnes "	"	"	179 88
John Bayliss "	"	"	69 72
Wm S Rank "	"	"	515 00
Fr Milinof "	foreman	" (Mass)	641 30
Mrs Millhof "	cook	" (Mass)	42 00
C A Kreighbaum "	engineer	"	550 00
A B Love, sec'y, board trustees, salary and expenses			$ 356 75
H W Loeffler "		salary as member	36 00
T F Williams "		"	18 00
H R Bennet "		"	18 00
J F Marchand, salary as physician			62 50
S B Post "		"	75 00
Andr Crist "		farm hand	110 00
Hiram Fulk "		stableman	100 00
Harry Brown "		watchman	93 62
Geo Frew "		shoemaker	145 50
Andr Kintz "		cook	480 00
Ella Shorb "		stenographer	5 00
Ida Rice "		domestic	182 04
J W Pontius, postage and railroad fare for prisoners			885 66
Amount paid for dry goods			654 84
" " groceries and provisions			2,452 59
" " vegetables and potatoes			750 74
" " bread			1,702 45
" " beef and other meats			3,136 53
" " milk			18 65
Jas F Gardner, medical services			68 25
The Canton Waterworks Co., water rent			145 83
The Central Union Telephone Co, tolls and rental			80 65
The C C & S R R, freight			28 94
J H Fahs two loads sand			1 75
Amount paid for blacksmithing			146 50
" " horseshoeing			232 36
M E Danner, painting and repairing wagon			37 77
Amount paid for drays			291 77
" " chemicals			98 09
" " hardware			353 74
" " shoes			80 90
" " coal			757 18
" " chinaware			99 39
" " feed			423 77
" " tinware			252 03
" " stationery			145 35
" " oil			68 65
" " furniture			121 20
C S Manly for rent of land			132 65
F Herbruck "		"	337 50
Jos Schott for "		"	60 00
Canton Light, Heat & Power Co, light			315 82
Hiram Carper, binder and twine			45 50
Andrew Chenot, salary as teamster			10 00
Chas Hurst, salary as teamster			5 00
Amount paid for clothing			501 18
Amount paid for lumber			434 98
Theobald & Co plumbing			134 72
Hoeland & Heingartner, glass, etc			38 00
A J Miller, clocks			5 00
C D Monnot & Son, repairing lawn-mower			7 60
City of Canton 5 inst grading			109 43
A Dangleisen, fish and pond			12 00
Trump & Lothamer, crates			12 75
Russell & Co, repairs			6 20
E C Segner, labor and merchandise			481 36
A Reichert, leather and findings			215 13
The Princess Plow Co, plow and repairs			48 38
The Canton Brick Co, plank			3 58
The Cleveland & Canton Brick Co, brick			26 89
J Hostler, Texas saddle			18 00
Diebold Safe & Lock Co, window guards			171 00
T J Dillon, putting in sewer pipe			3 00
Stark County Broom Co, material for broom shop			660 46
Hugh Mitchell, dental work			5 00
D W Skinner, moulding			5 25
Geo Biechele and H H Harrison, capturing prisoners			25 00
Amount paid for livery hire			14 00
Amount paid for trees and plants			161 25
J F Fahs, salary as chaplain			27 80
J J Snyder, threshing			24 91
Jos Weaver & Sons, repairs on pump			13 35
Amount paid for repairs			99 04
Geo Schlemmer, cleaning cess pool			10 00
Jos Thorpe, building chimney			5 00
New Jersey Car Spring Rubber Co, rubber tubes			4 38
C H Wheeler, cleaning carpets			8 70
John Raft, tailoring			64 00
Elden & Hartzell, repairing plastering			6 00
Blanchard & Bowman, veterinary services			6 75
The Smith-Premier Co. typewriter			100 00
To county fund to correct error			27 75
Overdraft in fund September 1, 1897			4,661 42
Total disbursements			$80,422 72

WORKHOUSE RECEIPTS.

Amount paid from tax levy	$20,271 31
" " all other sources	12,993 11
Total receipts	$33,264 42
Balance in fund September 1, 1898	$2,841 70

BUILDING FUND DISBURSEMENTS.

Oby & Co, repairs and supplies at courthouse and jail	$ 253 09
J C Burnheimer " "	193 04
L B Hartung " "	24 88
J M Kerstetter, repairs on boiler wall	30 00
J M Sechrist " and office partition (clerk)	619 98
J H Werner, glass	1 70
J B C Lacave, repairing clocks	99
The Diebold S & L Co et al, repairs	54 85
Geo Schaffert, hanging paper sheriff's office	26 14
Hoeland & Heingartner, painting etc sheriff's residence	242 48
John A Reemsnyder, tile cresting and tin	28 70
John Kramer, laying brick at infirmary	7 00
M Barber & Son, cement and lime	4 45
D W Skinner lumber	2 75
Theobald & Co, steam fittings, etc	55 58
L B Ohliger & Co, amt paid on pump at infirmary	1,114 90
John Wagner, awnings	13 00
Transfer to bridge fund	10,000 00
P Shisler, brickwork at infirmary	29 00
John Skeels, brickwork and repairs at infirmary	31 50
The Canton Bridge Co, spouting guards at courthouse	10 50
Geo D Barnard & Co., metal furniture at courthouse	238 00
The Miller Hardware Co, elevator at infirmary	250 00
J M Fife, plate glass insurance	11 35
W H Alexander, insurance	335 00
Total disbursements	$13,568 69

BUILDING FUND RECEIPTS.

Amount received by tax levy for building purposes	$12,162 82
Balance on hand Sept 1, 1897	3,057 02
Total receipts	$15,219 84
Balance on hand Sept 1, 1898	$1,651 15

ELECTION FUND DISBURSEMENTS.

Salaries of members of the board of elections	$ 529 76
Salaries of registrars judges and clerks	4,925 80
Contingent expenses, printing ballots, stationery, rents, etc	1,874 06
Total disbursements	$7,329 62

ELECTION FUND RECEIPTS.

Balance on hand Sept. 1, 1897	$ 6,149 50
Received from tax levy for election purposes	10,250 20
Total receipts	$16,399 70
Balance in fund September 1, 1898	$9,070 08

INTEREST AND DEBT FUND DISBURSEMENTS.

Stark County refunding bonds redeemed	$18 000 00
Stark County Agricultural notes redeemed	2,000 00
Interest on Stark Co Agricultural Society notes	604 38
Interest paid on county bonds outstanding	16,150 00
Interest paid on county orders outstanding	1,519 58
Overdraft in fund Sept 1, 1897	1 835 84
Total disbursements	$40,109 78

INTEREST AND DEBT FUND RECEIPTS.

Balance on hand Sept	
Received from tax levy for interest and debts	$44,596 87
Balance in fund September 1, 1898	$4,487 09

SHEEP FUND DISBURSEMENTS.

Amount paid for sheep killed by dogs	$2,258 75
Amount paid Stark Co Agricultural Society	1,000 00
Total disbursements	$3,258 75

SHEEP FUND RECEIPTS.

Balance on hand Sept 1,1897	$1,078 95
Received from tax levy paid on dogs	3,784 63
Total receipts	$4,863 58
Balance in fund September 1, 1898	$1,660 83

I hereby certify that the foregoing is a correct exhibit of the condition of the Stark County Treasury, as shown by the records of this office.

W M. REED,
Auditor.

We hereby certify that the above is a correct exhibit of the receipts and expenditures of Stark County for the year ending August 31, 1898.

L. W JOHNSON,
R. B CRAWFORD,
J. B SUMMER,
County Commissioners.

To the Honorable T. T. McCarty, Judge of the Common Pleas Court, of Stark County, Ohio.

The committee heretofore appointed to assist the Prosecuting Attorney in examinging the report of the financial transactions of the County Commissioners for the year ending August 31, 1898, submit the following:

The committee have carefully examined all the items of expenditures contained in the foregoing report, but as most of them are fixed by statute, they have given more particular attention to those within the special province of the County Commissioners and arising upon contract or allowance for services

Recent decisions of the Supreme Court of Ohio have emphasized the limitations upon the powers of county officers and upon the right to pay out public money. Thus it has been held that "the board of County Commissioners represents the county in respect to its financial affairs only so far as authority is given by statute. It may pass upon and adjudicate claims against the County for services in a matter which under the statute may be a legal claim against the county." Also "to warrant payments out of the public treasury, it must appear that such payment is authorized by statute."

Therefore in pursuing this investigation the committee have been compelled to inquire whether in relation to certain matters the right to make obligations and to make payments thereon out of the county treasury is given by statute. Transactions about which there is doubt, merely of their legality, or which involves only small sums of money are passed by, others are deemed of sufficient importance for special mention.

In the foregoing report appears an item of $797.91 paid W. M. Morrison for services as a

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detective. These services are not such as are provided for in Section 918 R. S. wherein the County Commissioners are granted power to offer a reward for the apprehension of criminals and to pay the same upon their conviction; nor in Section 919 R. S. which relates to the employment of a detective to apprehend horse thieves. This grant of special power is its own limitation. It cannot be assumed that this right may be exercised under the general powers given the Commissioners, for the legislature has otherwise construed the statute by passing a special act for Hamilton county. While this transaction is wholly without authority of law, it is proper to say that we doubt not the public officers believed they were thereby best subserving the general good. It is, however, an exercise of power; that if permitted to pass without question is likely soon to grow into serious abuse.

We are unable to find any authority for the payment of a stenographer for a county officer out of the public treasury or the payment of a chaplain for workhouse, jail and infirmary, items of which appear in the Commissioners' report.

On ————, 1897, the County Commissioners contracted with the then recorder of this county to transcribe into other books volumes 8 and 11 of the general index of deeds and volumes 5 and 6 of the general index of mortgages, and to pay therefor three cents an index. On Dec. 20, 1897, there was allowed and paid on this contract the sum of $2,000. Section 906 R. S. authorizes the Board of Commissioners, when it is necessary, to have any books or record in the recorder's office transcribed into other books, but limits the compensation therefor to six cents a hundred words. The sum of $500 seems an excessive price for copying a volume of general index. An examination of these books has convinced us that the sum already paid is considerably greater than that fixed by the statute.

By the provisions of Section 1155 R. S. the county recorder is entitled to receive out of the county treasury ten cents for each conveyance indexed by him in the general index. These claims presented against the county do not show the number of conveyances indexed. The Circuit Court has recently held that such claims must show the number of conveyances indexed and the allowance can be for ten cents for each conveyance only.

The policy of our laws is to keep public expenditures within the means actually provided for their payment. Thus the several funds in the county treasury are deemed ample provision for the demands that may be made upon them. And a recently enacted law makes this mandatory upon the County Commissioners. Section 2834 b. R. S. provides "the Commissioners of any county * * * * shall enter into no contract, agreement or obligation involving the expenditure of money, nor shall any resolution or order for the appropriation of expenditure of money be passed by any board of County Commissioners * * * * unless the auditor * * * * shall first certify that the money required for the payment of such obligation or appropriation is in the treasury to the credit of the fund from which it is to be drawn, or has been levied and placed on the duplicate and in process of collection and not appropriated for any other purpose, which certificate shall be filed and immediately recorded, and the sums so certified shall not thereafter be considered unappropriated until the county * * * * is fully discharged from the contract, agreement or obligation, or so long as the order or resolution is in force; and all contracts, agreements or obligations, and all orders or resolutions entered into or passed contrary to the provisions of this section shall be void."

We find that this section has been wholly disregarded. No certificate, as provided for, has ever been required of the auditor, nor has he given any. Contracts involving the expenditure of large sums of money, especially in the construction of bridges, have been entered into when there was no money in the treasury available for the purpose nor levies on the duplicate in process of collection.

We regard the observance of this statute of primal importance, for thereby the embarrassment of overdraft of funds will be avoided, public expenditures kept within reasonable bounds and increase of county indebtedness prevented.

Our attention has been called to a contract made June 14, 1898, by the Commissioners with Jos. A Reed for the making of a set of indexes of deeds and mortgages known as the Cott Patent Index as made by The National Index Co. of Columbus, Ohio. Said contract provided for the payment of four cents a line per index made. No entry or memorandum of this contract was entered on the commissioners' journal. From reliable information given us, we are satisfied that this contract has been reciuded by the parties thereto

JOSEPH FREASE,
JOHN C. GIVIN,
Committee.

December 14, 1898.

Since the preparation of the foregoing report, the committee has learned from the County Commissioners that the item of salary of stenographer for the Prosecuting Attorney is, in fact, a part of the annual allowance made to the Prosecuting Attorney as adviser of county officers, and part of such allowance was paid to the stenographer direct as a matter of convenience.

JOSEPH FREASE,
JOHN C. GIVIN.

The Prosecuting Attorney approves the findings of the committee appointed to examine the report of the financial transactions of the County Commissioners with the following qualifications:

First As to the item of expense for detective service he begs to say that prior to the incurring of this expense a gang of outlaws had infested this county committing many offenses, among which may be instanced the Bender burglary and the John Hartong burglary and murder There was no way of ferreting out the perpetrators of these outrages except by the employment of some man specially for that purpose. This question was submitted by the undersigned to the Commissioners and it met with the full approval of all, and the Prosecuting Attorney desires to bear his full share of responsibility for this expenditure.

The investigation so made has lead to the conviction of one of the criminals in our own court, was to the material assistance to the federal authorities in the conviction of another, and it will, he believes, lead to the arrest and conviction of others. The same investigation could have been made in no other way except perhaps in part by keeping the grand jury in a long continuous session and subpoenaing witnesses from all parts of northern and eastern Ohio. This course would have been very much more expensive and less satisfactory than the one adopted.

While the statutes do not in so many words authorize the employment of a detective, they do provide for the levying of taxes for the "general purpose of the county" without specifying what these general purposes are. They provide fully for the prosecution of criminals committing offenses within the county, and it would seem that the authorization of the prosecution and requiring the Prosecutor to prosecute includes everything which may be incidentally necessary thereto.

If a reasonable expense may not be incurred for a necessary investigation, these powers are a nullity. It would be a strange thing if crimes of the character above instanced may be committed and the people's money may not be used for hunting down the perpetrators thereof. Our Supreme Court has used this significant language: "It is the legal duty of the County Commissioners to furnish all things coupled with the administration of justice within the limits of their own county."

It is perhaps a sufficient answer to my associates to say that though such expenses have been incurred in almost every county in the state their propriety has never been questioned—at least there is no reported decision upon the subject in this state. The legislative interpretation referred to by a majority of this committee is not always an unerring guide.

Second. With reference to the item referred to as salary to stenographer of Prosecuting Attorney he desires to add that revised statutes, Section 1274, provides that the Commissioners shall make the Prosecutor, as legal adviser for the county officers, "such allowance as they think proper" The amount referred to was a part of "such allowance" and was paid in the manner theretofore adopted by former Prosecutors as a matter of convenience.

Third. As to the item of salary for chaplain he begs to state that a part of this is paid out of the poor fund, a part out of the workhouse fund and a part out of the county fund. Section 961, revised statutes, provides that the Board of Directors of the Infirmary "shall make such contracts * * * as a necessary for the institution and prescribe such rules and regulations as it thinks proper for the management and good government of the same and for inducing the practice of sobriety, morality and industry among its inmates."

The act providing for the construction and operation of a workhouse provides: "The direction and management and control of a workhouse and maintenance and care of convicts therein shall be vested in a board of five directors," and again "they shall establish rules and regulations for the governing of such workhouse."

Section 7374 provides "that Court of Common Pleas shall prescribe rules for the regulation and government of the jail of the county not inconsistent with the law upon the following subjects * * * the employment, temperance and instruction of the prisoners and such other regulations as the court may deem necessary to promote the welfare of the prisoners." These statutes are believed to be broad enough to authorize the employment of a chaplain in the proper management and control of our unfortunate poor and more unfortunate criminals, and who shall say that they ought not be given the advantage of a religious instruction.

Respectfully submitted,
ATLEE POMEBENE,
Prosecuting Attorney.

SINGULAR FISH CRADLES.

A Father Fish Who Hatches His Young In His Mouth.

In the Nile there is a singular fish that has been known from early Bible times. It is dedicated to the Apostle Simon or Peter, is known as Tilapia simonis and is especially common in Palestine and the sea or lake of Tiberius. Nearly all these fishes have a singular method of caring for their young. At the time of spawning the mother fish forms a little nest among the reeds and rushes, in which she deposits perhaps 200 green eggs, about the size of shot, which she immediately deserts Curiously enough, in all the thousands of fishes but three or four instances are known where the mother displays any affection for her young or remains by them.

The father stations himself by the nest and presently appears to be dining upon the eggs, but if he is carefully watched it will be seen that he is taking them into his mouth with the greatest care and not swallowing them. They are lodged in what corresponds to the cheeks and held there. The eggs soon hatch, the little fishes grow and the countenance of Mr. Tilapia becomes greatly swollen and puffed out of all semblance to his former self. He cannot begin to close his mouth and presents a most extraordinary appearance.

To accommodate and protect the growing family the fish submits to great inconvenience and only permits them to escape when it is a physical impossibility to hold them any longer. At this time the father will undergo severe treatment rather than relinquish his progeny. He has been thrown out upon the beach, but still clings to his charge, even during his death struggles. Many of the young remain in this singular cradle until they are four inches in length.—Philadelphia Inquirer.

MAY FIRES.

An Ancient Scotch Custom Which Once Involved Human Sacrifice.

Sir John Sinclair's "Statistical Account of Scotland" contains notices of many old customs, which still continued to be observed in the Highlands, though they were even then fast dying out. From the eleventh volume of that great work, which was published in 1791 and the succeeding years, we learn, on the authority of the minister of Callander, Perthshire, that the boys of the township assembled in a body upon the moors on May day, and proceeded to dig a circular trench, leaving the soil in the center undisturbed, so as to form a low table of green turf, sufficient in size to accommodate the whole party.

They lighted a fire and prepared a custard of milk and eggs, and a large oatmeal cake, which they baked upon a stone placed in the embers. When they had eaten the custard, they divided the cake into as many equal portions as there were persons in the assembly and daubed one of those pieces with charcoal until it was perfectly black. They then placed all the pieces of cake together in a bonnet, and each in turn drew one blindfolded, the holder of the bonnet being entitled to the last piece. The boy who drew the blackened portion was destined to be sacrificed and was compelled to leap three times through the flames.

Although the ceremony had degenerated into a mere pastime for boys, it is evident that it must once upon a time have involved the actual sacrifice of a human being, in order to render the coming summer fruitful.—Gentleman's Magazine.

Bunyan's Sharp Answer.

John Bunyan wrote "The Pilgrim's Progress" in Bedford jail, where he was confined for his religion. A Quaker came to the prison and thus addressed him:

"Friend Bunyan, the Lord hath sent me to seek for thee, and I have been through several counties in search of thee and now I am glad I have found thee."

Bunyan replied, "Friend, thou dost not speak truth in saying the Lord sent thee to seek for me, for the Lord well knows that I have been in this jail for some years, and if he had sent thee he would have sent thee here directly."

A man's record is made up chiefly of what he says.—Galveston News.

LADY CHURCHILL'S MAGAZINE.

The Anglo-Saxon Review, Most Aristocratic Periodical Ever Published.

BY ANDREW DOWNS.

The first number of The Anglo-Saxon Review, that gilt edged literary exploit of Lady Randolph Churchill, is out. It is a quarterly magazine and the most expensive periodical ever issued. Its price is a guinea, $5, a number. It is published simultaneously in London and New York.

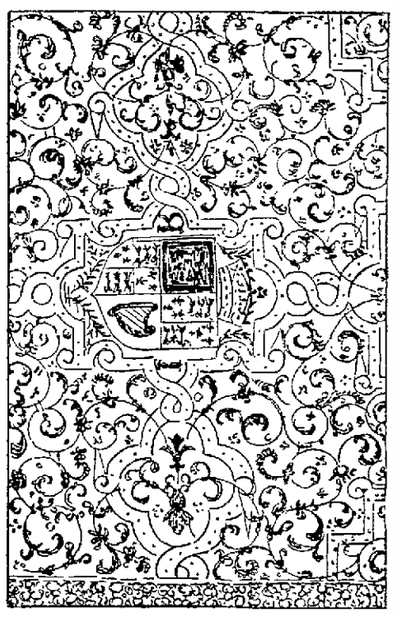
The initial number bears out all the promises of luxurious magazine making with which its appearance had long been heralded. It has about the same relation to the 10 cent magazine that a palace car does to an ox wagon.

Those enthusiasts who expected that each contribution would be signed by an emperor, a queen, or at least a lord, may be disappointed, but the ordinary reader will be impressed with the distinguished names of contributors.

As a specimen of bookmaking it is very fine indeed. And so it should be, for this department of the magazine is in the hands of Cyril Davenport, F. S. A., of the British museum. The cover is of dark blue morocco with a wealth of gilt decoration. The design is a facsimile of a book cover made in France for James I about 1604. It shows the English royal arms enmeshed in arabesques.

It is understood that in the bindings of successive numbers of The Anglo-Saxon the side covers will always be different, though the back will ever remain the same. But in every case the side covers will be a replication of famous bindings of the past, preferably English.

The Review is 12 inches long, 7½ inches wide, 1½ inches thick and contains 256 pages. It is admirably printed on very heavy and expensive paper. The type is large and clear and the margins wide. The illustrations, of which there are eight, are photogravures exquisitely executed. The frontispiece is a reproduction of the Onslow Ford bust of Queen Victoria.



COVER OF LADY RANDOLPH CHURCHILL'S NEW MAGAZINE.

The other illustrations are portraits of Lady Mary Wortley Montagu, from a miniature; George Washington, from a painting by Gilbert Stuart; Sir Robert Peel, from a painting by John Linnell; Anne of Austria, from a painting by Rubens; the Countess of Pembroke, from the painting by Marc Gheeraerts, and the Duchess of Devonshire, from a painting by Sir Joshua Reynolds.

"The explanations of the production of another Review will be found in the number of those already in flourishing existence. The excuse must be looked for in these pages," says the introductory by the editor. "The first object of every publication is commercial. 'No one but a blockhead,' says Dr. Johnson, 'ever wrote except for money,' and the Anglo-Saxon is not disposed to think lightly of his wares or set low value on his effort—for otherwise his green and gold brocade would soon be threadbare.

"Miles of newspapers, tons of magazine articles, mountains of periodicals are distributed daily between sunrise and sunset. They are printed; they are read; they are forgotten. Little remains. And yet there is no reason why the best products of an age of universal education should not be as worthy of preservation as those of a less cultivated era. * * * This book is published at a price which will insure its respectful treatment at the hands of those who buy it. It will not be cast aside after a hurried perusal. It appears, too, in a guise which fits it for a better fate. After a brief, though not perchance unhonored stay on the writing table, it may be taken up into that valhalla of printed things—the library."

Of the 18 contributors six, including the editor, were born in America. There is a very Henry James story called "The Great Condition." Elizabeth Robins writes about "A Modern Woman, Born in 1689," being Lady Mary Montagu.

Whitelaw Reid tells of "Some Consequences of the Last Treaty of Paris," from which it may be inferred that there will be no more treaties signed in Paris. Lord Rosebery has a fine article on Sir Robert Peel.

When one looks upon the beautiful volume it is patent that many will willingly pay $20 a year just to see it in their library. It has a great distinction. It breathes an aroma of high society.

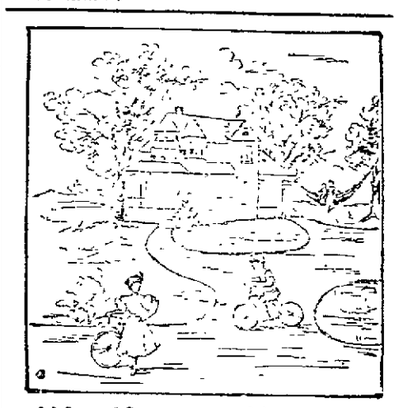
BAR-BEN

THE GREAT RESTORATIVE.

60 TABLETS 50¢

When a man loses his vitality he is robbed of all interest in things, and soon becomes as lifeless mentally as he is physically. If you have been addicted to youthful follies which are telling on you, your only protection is to properly treat yourself before it is too late. Bar-Ben is curing thousands easily, quickly. The most complicated and aggravated of cases in both men and women, heretofore considered incurable, yield almost instantly to the wonderful curative properties of this great remedy. The effects differ from the effects of all other remedies, in that it is not a stimulant but a BLOOD, NERVE and BRAIN BUILDER.

Bar Ben creates solid flesh, muscle and STRENGTH clears the brain, makes the blood pure and rich, and causes a general feeling of health, strength and renewed vitality, while the generative organs are helped to regain their normal powers, and the sufferer is quickly made conscious of direct benefit. One box will work wonders, six should perfect a cure. 50 cts a box, 6 boxes, $2.50. For sale by druggists everywhere, or mailed, sealed, on receipt of price. Address DRS. BARTON & BENSON, 55 Bar-Ben Block, Cleveland, O.



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Lindsey's Improved Blood Searcher

Makes pure blood—cures scrofula, erysipelas, pimples, boils, sore eyes, scald head—blood diseases of all forms. Here's proof:

MESOPOTAMIA, OHIO.

Dr. Lindsey's Blood Searcher has worked wonders with me. I have been troubled with *Scrofula for thirty years* but I find that Dr. Lindsey's Blood Searcher will effect a permanent cure in a short time It's wonderful.

C. W. LINSCOTT.

W. J. GILMORE CO.
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FITS STOPPED FREE Permanently Cured Insanity Prevented by DR. KLINE'S GREAT NERVE RESTORER

Positive cure for all *Nervous Diseases, Fits, Epilepsy, Spasms and St. Vitus' Dance.* No Fits or Nervousness after first day's use. Treatise and $2 trial bottle free to Fit patients, they paying express charges only when received. Send to Dr. Kline, Ltd, Bellevue Institute of Medicine, 931 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa.

DRAIN TILE

We have leased our works and in order to dispose of our entire stock of 80,000 tile until June 5th, will offer them at the following low prices:

2½ inch,	70c	per 100
3 inch,	90c	"
4 inch,	$1.50	"
5 inch,	2.50	"
5 inch,	3 50	"

This stock is first-class, well burned tile and must be sold to make room for the season's run.

Cope Bros. E. Greenville

Chichester's English Diamond Brand.

PENNYROYAL PILLS

Original and Only Genuine.

SAFE, always reliable. LADIES ask Druggist for *Chichester s English Diamond Brand* in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. *Refuse dangerous substitutions and imitations* At Druggists, or send 4c. in stamps for particulars, testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," *in letter*, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. *Name Paper.*

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THE GRAND BIBLICAL SPECTACLE

SOLOMON, HIS TEMPLE

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WORLD'S GREATEST AMUSEMENT ENTERPRISE,

JOHN ROBINSON'S

TEN BIG SHOWS COMBINED

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1	GRAND BIBLICAL SPECTACLE 1
1	- - - COMPLETE AVIARY - - - 1
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MERGED INTO ONE.

THE ADDITIONS recently made to this already mammoth Show puts it so far ahead of all other exhibitions of the kind in

SIZE, MERIT, VARIETY, ORIGINALITY, COMPLETENESS,

that a united Press, Pulpit and Public everywhere proclaim its undisputed right to the first place in the world of Amusements and the hearts of a progressive and go-ahead American people. The expansion idea has been the sole secret of the success of the John Robinson show. Since its inception, over half a century ago, new additions have constantly been made. New ideas, new features, new acts have year after year been annexed, until to-day it stands

WITHOUT A PARAGON

THE MIGHTIEST OF THE MIGHTY.

THE GREATEST, LARGEST AND BEST

OF THE

WORLD'S BIG SHOWS!

SEVERAL TRAINS OF CARS, 1000 PEOPLE, 500 SUPERB HORSES, $2,000,000 INVESTED.

Massillon Saturday July 29

THE CIRCUS FEATURES

this season obtained from Europe and America, will amaze and startle the world. Nothing like them ever before presented in this country. The exhibitions of former years and other shows relegated to oblivion by the perseverance and Master Minds of the Artists with

JOHN ROBINSON'S TEN BIG SHOWS COMBINED.

The Most Novel Bareback Riding Acts ever witnessed. *From Nine to Twelve of the World's Greatest Champion Lady and Gentlemen Equestrians riding in Three Rings at one time.* This feature is new and original with this show.

THE MENAGERIE

surpasses in magnitude and completeness the largest known Zoological collection in the world. Ever and anon from the far off countries of Africa, Asia, Europe and South America, the great John Robinson Collection of rare animals is added to. *The finest specimens of the Wild Beast Creation,* Rhinoceros, Giraffes, Hippopotamus, Tapirs, Gorillas, Chimpanzees, Mandrils, Gnus, Elands, Elephants, Leopards, Zebras, Tigers, California Lions, Blood Hounds, Pumas, Leopards, African Lions, Camels, Ostriches, Monkeys, Babboons and every known beast and bird, forming the most prodigious Zoological Collection in the world. All exhibited under the finest and largest water-proof tents ever manufactured.

One of *Special Features of the Big Triple Menagerie* is the

LARGEST SNAKE ALIVE.

25 Feet Long. Ordinary snakes are fed on rabbits and rats, while this reptile devours *Pigs, Sheep, Turkeys and Dogs.*

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An Innovation in Itself. A Truly Magnificent Pageant.

A feature of the *Free Street Parade* is the grand spectacle of

FORTY OF THE SMALLEST PONIES

ever harnessed and driven *at one time. Don't fail to see them.*

The cages and paraphernalia alone in this glittering procession, the only ones of the kind in the United States and costing more money than the value of the *entire outfit of three ordinary circuses.* Two performances daily. Main show doors open at 1 and 7 P. M.

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THURSDAY, JULY 27, 1899.

REPUBLICAN STATE TICKET.

For Governor,
GEORGE K. NASH,
of Franklin county.

For Lieutenant Governor,
JOHN A. CALDWELL,
of Hamilton county.

For Auditor,
W. D GUILBERT,
of Noble county.

For Treasurer,
I B CAMERON,
of Columbiana county.

For Attorney General,
JAMES M. SHEETS,
of Putnam county.

For Judge of Supreme Court,
W. Z. DAVIS,
of Marion county.

For Member Board of Public Works.
FRANK HUFFMAN
of Allen county.

REPUBLICAN COUNTY TICKET.

For Common Pleas Judge,
WARREN W. HOLE.

For Representative,
JACOB B. SNYDER,
ROBERT A. POLLOCK,
CLARK W. METZGER,

For Probate Judge,
MAURICE E. AUNGST.

For Prosecuting Attorney,
ROBERT H. DAY.

For Treasurer,
T. HARVEY SMITH.

For Sheriff,
JOHN J. ZAISER.

For County Commissioner,
JOSEPH B. SUMMER.

For Infirmary Director,
ANDREW REESE.

The outlook for wheat in the United States is highly encouraging to American farmers The most recent report of the department of agriculture indicates a yield of about 560 000,000 bushels of wheat and 2,121,000,000 bushels of corn, and as Europe's output for 1899 will be considerably below that of last year, there is sure to be a market abroad for the American surplus

The violence of the striking employes of the Cleveland street car lines has rendered impossible any further impartial consideration of the various rights involved in the struggle The street car company absolutely refuses to have anything further to do with the union. The state board of arbitration has practically given up the job of trying to settle the strike Force, and force only can again establish order in Cleveland

Several so-called spiritual mediums have already made speeches under the alleged control of the late Robert G Ingersoll. It is safe to say that if the flat, vapid utterances attributed to the great agnostic were really genuine, certain conceptions regarding conditions in the next world which some individuals have been prone to entertain would seem to have fallen far short of the reality If a man is to lose all his intellectual powers after death, how can he be expected to enjoy those rewards for righteous living to which orthodox religion believes him to be entitled?

Dun's Trade Review is authority for the statement that business failures in this country during the second quarter of 1899, just closed, were the smallest reported in that quarter for twenty-five years. It was also stated that the average per failure, $7,165, was the smallest ever known in any quarter In the face of facts such as these, the denials of free traders regarding the existence of prosperity become more than usually empty. The commercial history of the past decade is an impressive one, and the followers of Bryan, in pretending to think that the country is laboring under heavy burdens, are not showing the usual cleverness of their kind

The position of this government in regard to the lynching of the five Italians at Tallulah, La has been defined, and the state department is prepared to take up the negotiations looking to a settlement satisfactory to Italy The main point in this position is that the United States is not responsible for the Tallulah lynching and that the payment of an indemnity to Italy for the families of the lynched men will not be an admission of responsibility, but only an act of grace. An investigation is now being conducted to ascertain the truth of the report that the Italians killed, had applied for American citizenship. If this report is found to be true Italy will probably drop the matter, although there appears to be a feeling in official circles that a gratuity might be paid without a surrender of principle

There appears to have been a general agreement by the President and the cabinet that Elihu Root was the man best fitted as Secretary Alger's successor The President told his advisors that he wanted a man of broad views, wide knowledge and known executive ability, and he was of the opinion also that the new secretary of war should be an experienced lawyer capable of handling the many difficult legal questions which will come before the war department in connection with the Philippines, Cuba and Porto Rico while they remain under military rule. As it was deemed inadvisable to select a military man, the selection was narrowed down to Mr. Root, and it is now evident that the distinguished New York lawyer was the President's first choice

A group of scientific men attached to the department of agriculture are industriously studying the question of how to improve the grade of American tobacco. The investigation has two objects in view. First, it is desired to improve the grade of the home grown tobacco so that it will be possible to furnish smoking material at a reasonable price which shall be equal to the expensive foreign brands, and secondly, to ascertain definitely just what it is, climate, soil or process of curing, which produces so much better tobacco in foreign countries than that produced in the United States. If they can discover wherein the subtle distinction lies and teach to the American producer the secret of toning and flavoring his tobacco, they will put millions of dollars into the pockets of American farmers which are now spent in other countries

One of the underhanded and dishonest methods resorted to by the anti-imperialists is that of using names of politician without authorization in connection with their treasonable actions and bombastic assertions. The name of James J. Meyers, of Massachusetts, who is a candidate for speaker of the state house of representatives, was included a few days ago in a list of of members of the executive committee of the Anti-Imperialistic League. Mr. Meyers says that he is not in sympathy with the movement, that the use of his name was entirely unthorized and that on account of the publicity he has thus acquired, he has been forced to retire from the contest for the speakership. This use of lies to bolster up other lies is a fair sample of the practices of Aguinaldo's allies.

More or less comment has been caused by the speeches of Sir Charles Tupper and Sir Wilfred Laurier in the Canadian House of Commons last week regarding the Alaskan boundary dispute, but as their statements were evidently designed for political effect there is apparently no reason why they should be viewed with apprehension. Sir Wilfred said that, failing a compromise on the boundary dispute, there were but two courses open—arbitration or an appeal to arms The only serious construction which can be placed on this statement is that Premier Laurier has despaired of settling the matter by agreement with the United States An appeal to arms being out of the question, as he says, no choice is left but the remaining one of the three methods, namely, to settle the case by arbitration In the negotiations the American commissioners expressed their willingness to submit the case to arbitration, but suggested that the arbitrator be a South American or a Mexican. To this proposition the Canadians flatly refused to listen, insisting that a European be named, and the negotiations were stopped at this point That they have proceeded no further is, therefore, due to the unwillingness of the Canadians either to submit to a settlement by treaty or to submit the case to an arbitrator who would be agreeable to the United States Hope is still entertained, however, that an agreement will be reached between the two countries.

SERVICE AND DANCES.

No More of Either at Hospital Till September.

No services were held at the state hospital yesterday, and there will be no more Sunday gatherings until September and cool weather comes. The dances have also been discontinued.

Bathers in Trouble.

A number of small boys, charged with not having complied with the ordinance concerning batning and bathing costumes, will appear before Mayor Wise at 5 o'clock this evening They swam in the creek on Jacob Schmader's farm, just inside the western corporation line

An American Railroad in China.

Moneyed men from the United States have secured a franchise for building a railroad from Hong Kong to Han Kow, China, a distance of nearly 700 miles While railroads are necessary to a nation's prosperity, health is still more necessary. A sick man can't make money if there are a thousand railroads. One of the reasons why America is so progressive is the fact that in every drug store is sold Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, that celebrated tonic for the weak, appetizer for the dyspeptic and sedative for the nervous It is taken with great success by thousands of men and women who are run down, pale and weak. It increases the weight, and the gain is permanent and substantial.

Sufferers from Constipation, Biliousness or Liver Troubles, should use Slusser's Vegetable Pills. 25c per bottle at druggists.

MR. BUSBY REPLIES

Another Article on the Sub-District Trouble.

NO STATEMENT RECEIVED.

Clerk Busby Declares That if Tuscarawas Township was in the Right It Would not Object to a Dissolution of the Joint Sub-Districts.

To the Editor of THE INDEPENDENT

In reply to a communication from ex-Township Clerk Henry Madder, dated Akron, July 20, we beg to say that Mr. Madder, it seems, would leave the impression that the several articles concerning sub districts Nos. 4 and 5 which have appeared in THE INDEPENDENT are a conglomeration of false impressions, misrepresentations, etc, and that the matter is being agitated to the detriment of the board of education of Tuscarawas township as well as the clerk and certain of his predecessors. To this I can only say that all the articles I read were statements of facts, and that the matter is being agitated to obtain that which, under the law, our board is entitled to

Mr. Madder says that when he assumed the duties of clerk of Tuscarawas township on September 1, 1896, the books and papers on file in the office showed that for three years prior to that time the estimates for conducting the schools in sub-districts Nos 4 and 5 had not been properly made. Now this is just what the Perry township board has known for some time, and it seems strange that inasmuch as the schools in question are entirely under the control of the board of education of Tuscarawas township that their business methods would be so loose as to impose on their taxpayers the burden of expense of conducting these schools, when, under the law, the matter could be more satisfactorily adjusted.

The most important feature of this matter is that Perry township has never received any credit for the state tax. Tuscarawas township, by reason of its having control of these sub-districts, makes the returns of the enumeration in these sub-districts. The board of education does not make the tax levy, but merely certifies to the county auditor the amount of money necessary for the maintenance of the schools during the school year. The auditor then makes the levy, and in addition the state common school fund is apportioned according to law; that is, a per capita on the enumeration. This state common fund Perry township has never received credit for, or at least the clerk of the Tuscarawas township board of education has failed to certify the same to our board

The statement which Mr. Madder says was forwarded to me was never received The first, last and only statement that I have received concerning these sub-districts was made by R. T. Price in September, 1896 Mr Madder suggests a joint meeting of the boards. In reply to this we will say that on two occasions we have endeavored to secure a joint meeting, and each time failed. As only two or three members of the Tuscarawas township board managed to be present at either of these meetings no action could be taken Each time all the members of the Perry township board were present In fact, there seems to be no disposition on the part of the Tuscarawas board of education to make a thorough investigation of this matter in any way. If Perry township has been delinquent and the schools have been a burden on Tuscarawas township, why does that board so seriously object to the dissolution of these joint sub-districts, which would place the matter entirely in the hands of the auditor, and not leave room for any controversy between the two townships?

E. W BUSBY,
Clerk of the Perry Township Board of Education.

MAIN STREET RUNAWAY.

Miss Arline Lutz Painfully Injured Monday Evening.

Miss Arline Lutz, of 90 South Mill street, and Miss Mamie Snyder, of 56 East Oak street, were driving in East Main street at 5 o'clock Monday evening. Suddenly one of the front wheels of the carriage came off. The horse took fright. Miss Snyder leaped from the vehicle and Miss Lutz was thrown out. The latter clung to the reins and sought to quiet the horse. She was dragged for a considerable distance, and was badly bruised and unconscious when assistance arrived. She was carried into the Clay residence, at 243 East Main street, and Dr Hallock was summoned Today she is much better Miss Snyder was not injured The horse was caught before it did much damage

Coxey En Route.

Jacob S Coxey, the famous "keep off the grass" politician, was in Alliance today on his way to Pittsburg. He is now, seemingly, keeping off the grass politically.—Alliance Review.

Jacob S. Coxey, the good roads apostle, passed through the city on train No 6, en route to Pittsburg, this afternoon. Mr. Coxey says he is out of politics, as his business demands all his time and attention. He will transact business connected with his stone quarries while in Pittsburg.—Salem Daily News.

No Advance in Wages.

A report got into circulation Saturday that the wages of Russell & Co.'s machinists and molders had been advanced fifteen per cent. Superintendent Heggem and others connected with the concern say there is no truth in the story.

FROM NEARBY TOWNS.

ORRVILLE NOTES

ORRVILLE, O, July 25 —The work on the streets is progressing under the contractors, Davis and Archer, of Bellaire.

McCormick's show was here on Saturday. A satisfactory performance was given.

A number of burglaries have been committed lately. Last Thursday night some one was about to enter the residence of D. C. Boyd, when Mrs. Boyd discovered the thief who was frightened away. On Friday night a clerk in a saloon was robbed of $12 while asleep, but another party saw the thief enter, hence the money was promptly returned when demanded. On Saturday night the residence of David Arick was entered and $145 was taken. Up to this time there is no clue to the thief's identity.

J. Marsh McDowell, who left last week for the Northwest in the interest of the McCormick Harvester Co., has arrived at Mankato, Minn., a city of 16,000 people. The fields in that country have as high as 300 acres in them. From there he will go to New Ulm and other parts of the state and then to the Dakotas

Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Fiscus and son, Earl, of near Massillon, visited J. M. Fiscus Sunday.

John Weiss was fined $1 and costs for getting drunk. He gave security and left the town Saturday.

On Friday twenty-five Italians commenced work on the streets for Archer & Davis. Shortly after noon they became dissatisfied about the time of one of the men and left for Pittsburg, after having been here a little over one day.

Arthur Dague, of Harriman, Tenn, is a visitor at the Fiscus residence.

MT EATON NEWS.

MT. EATON, July 25.—Mr. and Mrs. VonKanel, of Wilmot, visited Miss Lucy Baldinger on Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs Call, of Navarre, were guests at the Lucas hotel on Sunday.

George Stair and wife, of East Greenville, and Arnold Sauvain and wife, of Dalton, were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Ruch on Sunday.

Miss Martha Marthey and Miss Finwick, of Maurytown, O., are visiting Mrs. Eugene Schaffter.

Mr. and Mrs. Jules Desvoignes and Mr. and Mrs. J. J Schlafly attended the funeral of Miss Bell Emerson at Canal Dover on Sunday.

The Mt. Eaton band played for a festival in Winesburg Saturday night.

Young America was out in great style Saturday evening, and only five buggies and a bike were wrecked on the way home from Winesburg. Fortunately no one was hurt.

The Rev. J. H. Beck was in Orrville Sunday evening.

NEWMAN NOTES

NEWMAN, July 26.—Miss Sadie Currie, of Canton, visited her Newman friends last week.

Mrs. William Penberthy and family, of Massillon, spent Sunday with Mrs. Jenkins.

A large number of our people accompanied the Massillon grocers' excursion to Presque Isle Wednesday.

Our baseball team went to Canal Fulton on Friday and failed to secure the anticipated victory, but got "walloped" to the tune of 12 to 4. The game was played in a friendly spirit and was free from bad language and loud "kicking" A collection was taken up, amounting to $3 69, to go toward providing a supper for the visitors, but which they failed to receive.

A party of Strasburg people spent last Sunday in the vicinity of the Millport brewery Everything went lovely until evening, when a difference of opinion arose, resulting in a free-for-all fight. After the smoke of battle had cleared away and peace and quietness again reigned supreme, it was discovered that one of our Newman young men, being in the front of the battle, carried with him the trade mark of the prize ring.

STANWOOD NOTES.

STANWOOD, July 26 —Mrs. Mortimer Hahn returned Friday, after a week's visit with Canton relatives.

The Rev. S B Mase and family, of Greensburg, Pa, are visiting relatives in this vicinity.

Miss Lizzie Kouth, of Massillon, is the guest of Mrs Mortimer Hahn this week

Stanwood mine is running on half-time.

Mr. and Mrs Arthur Oberlin were Smithville visitors last week, the guests of Mr. and Mrs George Talley.

Drillers are drilling a well for Dr McFarren.

Jas. McGinnis has erected a barn on his property.

Messrs Mellon, Roberts and Bechtel and the Misses Huber, of Massillon, were guests at the Bowen residence on Sunday

GOOD WORK AT THE MINES.

CRYSTAL SPRING, July 25 —Witmer's orchestra of Massillon furnished music for the dance held in Leonard's hall Saturday evening

The local band serenaded at the farm home of Israel Oberlin last Friday night Refreshments were served and all had a good time

Dr A. G Krieger has moved his office into the Pahlau block

Hernbrook mine was seized with a sudden attack of prosperity last week and is working every day The Eureka mine is doing much better and the Crystal Spring mine is in steady operation. The North Massillon mine is getting in better than half time.

The Misses Pauline Klein and Carrie Meiner, of Massillon, were Sunday visitors at the homes of their parents in town.

Wm. Leonard now drives a black steed, hitched to a new turnout.

Thermometers in and about town registered 118 in the sun Saturday.

J. A. Beitel is in Akron on business.

Twenty visitors came down Sunday from Cleveland and were entertained at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Fred Kiefer.

An early morning train last Sunday brought one hundred people from Strasburg to the famous resort owned by J. W. Schuster at this place. A "Dutch" orchestra accompanied the delegation and proved assistants in making the day a memorable one. Two appropriate addresses were delivered by the Hon. L. Geis and ex-Mayor Schott, of Massillon. The crowd returned home in the evening.

NEWS OF KOCH.

KOCH, July 26 —Floyd Crummell, of Akron, has been spending a few days with relatives here.

A number of young people from this place attended the circus at Applecreek on Monday night.

Winfield Bevington, of Kansas City, is visiting relatives in this place.

Graham Hazlewood, of Pittsburg, has come to the Fisher farm near this place for a visit.

John Shutz, who has been working in Barberton, is spending a few days at home.

A party was held at Davidson's Monday evening.

Leo Rieder was in town today on business.

Mrs. Girard has returned from a visit in Orrville.

PINN AFFAIRS.

PINN, July 27.—Farmers are cutting oats They look for a good yield this year. Wheat is averaging about 15 bushels to the acre.

A number of people from here attended the Massillon grocers' picnic on Wednesday

Mr Chas. Kline spent Monday and Tuesday with his friend, Wm. Snavely.

A party of six, including Chas. Kline, spent Monday and Tuesday at Turkeyfoot lake.

Charles Snavely and Miss Nellie Snavely, of Massillon, spent Sunday in this neighborhood.

The preaching service announced for Sunday had to be recalled, as the Rev. A. J. Berky was unable to leave his bed

Miss Shearer spent Sunday at the home of S. M Kandle.

A train load of picnickers went from Woodland mine to Chippewa lake on Friday. The picnic was held under the auspices of the East Greenville Sunday school and the East Greenville band furnished music for the occasion.

Amos Wampler, who has been at home on a short visit, returned to Michigan last week.

Mrs. Eliza Wampler has gone to visit with friends in Michigan.

DALTON NOTES.

DALTON, July 27.—Wednesday was a dull day here, owing to the fact that so many went on the excursion to Presque Isle. The Dalton folks took the third train. About 175 went from this town.

Mrs. Augusta Imgard and Mrs. Harry Imgard, of Wooster, visited Mrs. W. H. Hubbell, on Wednesday.

R. R. Chaffin, Mrs C. B. Feasel and son, Innich, went to Wooster on Wednesday.

E. E. Sturgis, E. F. Scott, Frank Wilford and J. H. Stahl went to Creston on Wednesday to play with the Creston band on Thursday.

Joe Gochenauer and William Sharp left town on Sunday.

C. D Roebuck, who has been a student at the Ohio State University, returned home on Tuesday

C. D and E S. Wentz have been visiting with Wooster friends.

Geo. C. Freet and family went to Applecreek last Sunday. Mrs. Freet will visit her parents, and Mr Freet will spend a week in fishing and hunting.

MILL MEN OUT.

WARREN, July 26.—[By Associated Press]—The employes of the bar department of the Warren mills, belonging to the American Steel Hoop Company, have struck for additional help in charging. About two hundred men are affected.

COMING HOME.

MANILA, July 26.—[By Associated Press]—The transport Sherman sailed today with the California volunteers, two batteries of the California heavy artillery and two hundred and seventy-five discharged soldiers of other regiments

ONE STRIKE ENDED.

PITTSBURG, July 26.—[By Associated Press]—The Western Union messengers' strike here is ended. The boys claim their demand was granted. The Postal boys are still out.

WAGES ADVANCED.

YOUNGSTOWN, July 26.—[By Associated Press]—An increase of twenty-five cents a day to all moulders in the various foundries of the city has been granted, to take effect July 24. The increase affects about five hundred hands.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.
F. J. CHENEY & CO, Props, Toledo, O
We, the undersigned, have known F Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transaction, and financially able to carry out any obligation made by their firm.
WEST & TRUAX,
Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.
WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN,
Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O
Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price 75c per bottle. Sold by all druggists. Testimonials free.
Hall's Family Pills are the best

Advertised Letters.

List of letters remaining unclaimed in the postoffice at Massillon, July 18, 1899:

LADIES.

King, Mrs M
Reis, Miss Tillie
McLaughlin, Miss Mabel
Van Dorston, Mrs. Frank E.

MEN.

Frick, Henry
Pierce, J. M.

Persons calling for the above named letters will please say advertised.

FELIX R. SHEPLEY, P. M.

SPECIALISTS FAILED.

Mrs. C. A. Merrill, of Chetopa, Kans., suffered from a peculiar nervous trouble which baffled the skill of leading specialists. She says: "I cannot say enough in praise of Dr. Miles' Nervine. I suffered agonizing pain in left side of my head and I thought it would drive me insane. Specialists in Cincinnati and Kansas City treated me without benefit. Then I began taking Dr. Miles' Nervine and obtained prompt relief, and finally a permanent cure."

Dr. Miles' Nervine

is sold by all druggists on guarantee, first bottle benefits or money back. Book on heart and nerves sent free.
Dr. Miles Medical Company, Elkhart, Ind.

IS HOME TO STAY.

Albertus Slusser Arrives in Massillon.

HE WAS REPORTED DEAD.

Mr. Slusser was With "Fighting Bob" at the Time the Man Brought the Story That He Had Been Killed in Battle.

Albertus Slusser has arrived at the Wood street home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Cicero W. Slusser, to deny in person the report that he fell while fighting with the Cuban insurgents and to say that he never set foot on Cuban soil.

"I left Massillon three years ago last June," said Mr. Slusser, this morning, "and a sicker or more disgusted man no town ever made. I went to New York and entered the navy. I wrote several letters home, but never received any replies, except the one I got at San Francisco a couple of months ago. First they put me on the Columbia, later I was transferred to the Richmond, and for the past two years I was on the Iowa. I was a fireman 'Fighting Bob' Evans had charge of the Iowa, and a fine man he is. He's rough and gruff, but he knows how to treat a man The man that brought to my parents the story that I had been killed in Cuba was probably some chap who had never seen the island, and who was hard up for something to say. He probably heard that I was missing and was supposed to be in Cuba, and he thought it would be funny to come with the story that he had fought with me in Cuba and that he had seen me die. I never once was in Cuba, though I was all around it on the ship. We were in about all the engagements in those waters."

Mr. Slusser received his discharge last Saturday, while in New York, whither he had been sent from Seattle a few weeks before. His arrival home was a surprise to his parents. He will remain in Massillon.

SONS OF HERMAN.

State Convention Being Held in Massillon.

The annual state convention of the Sons of Herman is being held in the hall above M. Neininger's West Main street saloon this afternoon. The session opened at 1 o'clock, fifteen delegates being present. They represent members in Massillon, Toledo, Cleveland, Lorain, Youngstown, Alliance, Doylestown and Canton. Grand President Adam Schisler, of Canton, and Grand Secretary Joseph Schulte, of Cleveland, are both present At 2 30 o clock no business except the appointment of committees had been transacted

PUSHED UNDER THE CAR.

Paul Kurtz Says His Son is a Victim of Another's Hate.

Paul Kurtz, father of Paul Kurtz, the boy who lost an arm in an accident at Coxey's quarry yesterday, came to Massillon today to seek legal advice He says his son was pushed under the car which cut off his arm by another boy who had a grievance against him. Kurtz declared that he wanted the boy arrested, but at 2 30 o'clock had not made complaint in any of the courts.

Niagara Falls and Return $4.00

From Massillon via C., L. & W. Ry. Through sleepers, through coaches Aug. 19th. Good 15 days.

Best news today—Fels-Naptha soap. If you don't like it, your grocer returns your money: 5c.

Fels & Co, makers, Philadelphia.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

LOCAL HAPPENINGS.

Discovered this Week by Independent Investigators.

Mrs. John Seibert is visiting in Canal Fulton.

Miss Flora Stelling has gone to Chicago for a short visit.

St. Paul's Sunday school will picnic at Meyer's lake August 3.

Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Spidle spent Sunday with Wilmot relatives.

Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Kline, of Navarre, are visiting relatives in the city.

Mr. and Mrs. P. R. Headley left on Tuesday for a trip up the lakes.

A pension of $12 a month has been granted to Jacob Kurtz, of this city.

Machinist C. P. King, of Columbia, is spending his vacation in Adrian, Mich.

Michael Connors and Clarence Wernet are spending a week's vacation in Cleveland

A Farmers telephone, No. 187, has been placed in the office of Baldwin & Young.

Mr. and Mrs. Allen Smith have been called to Cincinnati by the death of Mr. Smith's mother.

Miss Bessie Nutter, of Piqua, is the guest of her sister, Mrs. A. H. Metzger, in Locust street.

Miss Katherine Heppert, of Cleveland, is the guest of Mrs. Michael Kister, in East Main street.

Misses Daisy and Maude Fowls have left for a month's visit in Canal Dover and New Philadelphia.

Miss Verne Clark, of Martins Ferry, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Albert Shaidnagle, in Front street.

Mr. and Mrs. John Aldrich and Mrs. Bert Aldrich are attending the funeral of a relative in Norwalk.

Mrs. William James, and daughter, after a three months' residence in Canal Dover, have moved back to Massillon.

W. A. Bammerlin, of Wheeling, West Va., senior member of the firm of Bammerlin Bros. is in the city on business.

Mrs. Henry Holderbaum, Mrs. Jacob Limbach and Mrs. Martin Limbach spent the day with North Lawrence friends.

The Independent Whist Club will be entertained by Mrs. Gribble, at her Plum street residence, at 2 o'clock Friday afternoon.

Mrs. L. Shauf and her guests, Mrs. W. H. Vincent, of Cleveland, and Miss Helen Meeker, of Pittsburg, are spending the week at the American hotel, at Mt. Eaton.

Councilman Peter Smith, who represented the Massillon branch of the Molders' Union at the national convention at Indianapolis, has returned to Massillon.

William Hanna, accompanied by his cousins, Misses Willametta Hanna, of Eugene, Ore., and Mary Wilson, of Kansas City, who are guests at the Charity Rotch school, have gone to Niagara Falls.

There will be no further services in St. Timothy's church until the first Sunday in September. The Rev. C. M. Roberts, accompanied by his family, will leave some time this week for the Muskoka lakes in Canada.

Richard Sieberg has enlisted in the regular army. He will leave tomorrow for Pittsburg, where he will join his regiment, the Twentieth infantry. Mr. Sieberg expects to be sent to the Philippines.

The body of the late Thomas Laviers, who died in Denver, Col., on Sunday, will arrive in Massillon on Thursday morning, and the funeral services will be held at the Henry street residence at 2 o'clock Thursday afternoon.

Receivers of the Akron Silver Plate Company were authorized on Tuesday to sell the plant to Hugo Schumacher and others, who will organize a $50,000 company to put the works in operation at once. This is now the only factory idle in Akron.

A picnic party, composed of about thirty members of the Presbyterian church, which started to take the car for Meyer's lake on Tuesday afternoon, owing to the storm got no farther than the Presbyterian chapel, where the baskets were opened and refreshments served.

Twenty-five young people, at the invitation of Mr. and Mrs. F. H. Killinger, picnicked at the log cabin, east of town, on Tuesday evening. After supper there was an impromptu dance. The Misses Baldwin and Miss Alice Robinson, of Columbus, were in the party.

Mrs. Frederick S. Merrick, Messrs. Fred and Clarence Merrick, Miss Margeurite Merrick and T. Elverson, of New Brighton, Pa., are guests at the residence of Captain and Mrs. R. B. Crawford, at 160 East Main street. Mrs. Merrick and Fred Merrick drove the entire distance—82 miles.

Mr. and Mrs. Peter Scharles, of Wooster street, gave a dinner in honor of their guests, Mrs. Dr. Carl Zeigler and daughters, Misses Irma and Martha, and Mrs. Mary Behring, of Cincinnat. Those present were Mr. and Mrs. Henry Gribble, Mr. and Mrs. J. Hissong and daughter, Goldie, Mr. and Mrs. Michael Myers and children, Mrs. Martin Winold and daughter, Louisa, Orlando Martin, Mr. and Mrs. John Watts and son and Mr. and Mrs Jacob Rippel.

Rain interfered somewhat with the outdoor pleasures of the annual outing of the students of the Massillon Actual Business College at Meyer's lake, Tuesday afternoon, rendering doubly delightful the dancing and other amusements of the pavilion. The party left Massillon in a special car at 2:30, going direct to the lake, from which place, after lunch, Canton was visited, returning to Massillon at 9:30 o'clock. Stentorian voices, raised in the college yell, announced the arrival of the party at various points.

KITTINGER MISSING

A Canal Fulton Attorney Disappears.

HE LEFT HOME ON JULY 16.

A Shortage in His Accounts of from $4,000 to $5,000—The Trouble Over Canton Police Appointments is at Last Settled.

CANTON, July 25.—The talk in legal circles is the disappearance of Lawyer A. J. Kittinger, of Canal Fulton, whose affairs, it is said, are in bad condition. His shortages, it is reported, will aggregate between $4,000 and $5,000. About $2,000 of his debts are secured. Kittinger some time ago engaged Attorney Sterling, of this city, to assist him in looking after the interests of Kiefer & Coon, wholesale carpet dealers of Philadelphia, who had a case on with the assignees of the Robinson estate, of Canal Fulton. Mr. Sterling tried the case in the common pleas court and afterwards carried it to the circuit and supreme courts. The assignees obtained a judgment for a few cents less than $500. Kiefer & Coon sent a check for the amount to Kittinger, authorizing him to pay the money to the assignees. This was never done.

It was in this manner that the matter became public, and similar affairs, it is said, were brought to light. Kittinger left Canal Fulton on July 16. A few days later he was seen in Cleveland. Nothing has been heard of him since. His wife and six children are in Fulton. Kittinger was a justice of the peace for many years, was an officer in the Reformed church and a teacher in the Sunday school.

CANTON, July 25.—The much mooted police question is at last settled. At its Monday evening session the city council, after a caucus of over an hour, made the ten appointments that were necessary to fill up the vacancies in the force. Three of the ten were Republicans. This makes the force composed of eighteen Democrats and eight Republicans.

In a petition filed in common pleas court the Louisville Brewing Company, naming E. Morgan Landen and Laura Kibler as defendants, prays to be adjudged owner of certain property in Louisville, to which, it alleges, the defendants unjustly assert a claim.

The Navarre Deposit Bank Company has begun suit against the Navarre Glass and Specialty Co., for the sum of $416.27, alleged to be due on a note.

Sale of real estate has been confirmed, and deed and distribution ordered in the estate of Anna Mary Wenzinger, of Massillon.

The council and city officials are picnicking at Congress lake today.

COUNTY SEAT NEWS.

Two Well Known Canton Men Die Sunday.

CANTON, July 24.—Two prominent Cantonians died Sunday, both from consumption. One was Robert B. Tonner, well known in Canton, and prominent in local political circles. The other was Thomas R. Kiefer, formerly connected with both the Canton Repository and News Democrat.

A five-year-old lad, named Rice, lost a foot in the C., C. & S. yards this morning. He was playing along the track, and fell under a moving yard engine.

H. W. Hassler, as trustee of the estate of Dominick Tyler, has begun suit against the Dime Savings Bank, of Canton, and the First National Bank, of Salem, for the sum of $224.75.

Annie E. Graham, of Alliance, has begun suit against the Veteran's Memorial Association. Plaintiff held a mortgage on real estate belonging to the association. On foreclosure, the sum realized was insufficient to satisfy her claim, and she asks that the stockholders be obliged to reinburse her for the remainder.

Will has been admitted to probate in the estate of Mary Hitz, of Perry township, and widower elects to take under the will.

Edna M. Ridenour has filed a petition in common pleas court, naming Celia Welty Ridenour, et al, as defendant. In it she prays that the defendant, as the widow of the late Albert W. Ridenour, be assigned her share of his estate, and that from the remainder, she, as the plaintiff, should receive her dower portion.

Inventory and appraisement has been filed in the estate of Anna Mary Wenzinger, of Massillon, and petition for sale of real estate has also been filed and private sale ordered.

NEWS FROM CANTON.

Vital and Social Statistics Compiled by Probate Judge.

CANTON, July 26.—Vital and social statistics, of Stark county, for the year ending March 31, 1899, have been prepared by the probate judge, and will be filed with the secretary of state. Some of the figures follow:

Marriages, 772 against 685 last year: births, 1654 against 1698 last year: deaths, 785 against 691 last year. Of these the following diseases claimed the most: Pneumonia, 85; tubercular diseases, 59; paralysis, 54; old age, 48; scarlet fever, 36; diphtheria, 30; heart diseases, 36; cancer, 24; Bright's disease, 29; cholera infantum, 22; convulsions, 22; grip, 19. Total number of insane sent to the state hospital: Males, 28; females, 28; epilectics sent to state hospital at Gallipolis, males, 2; females, 3; boys sent to the state reformatory, 13; girls, 1. Number receiving final naturalization papers, 88 of which number 85 were either German, English or Welsh; number of wills probated, 124; executors appointed, 78; administrators appointed, 152; number of estates administered, 232; number of guardians appointed, 118; children under guardians, 161; number of insane people under guardians, 9; imbeciles, 21. There were 32 assignments, against 52 of the previous year.

The Canton Savings and Loan Co., has begun suit against Charles Haywood and Florence Haywood for $813

THE STREET FAIR.

The Advertising Arrangements Completed.

THE BOOTH CONSTRUCTION

Bids for this Work Now Being Asked For—The Advance in Price of Lumber Makes Quite a Difference in the Cost—New Entrance Plan.

The Massillon Street Fair Association's advertising and printing committee decided, at a meeting held Monday evening, to begin bill posting next week. Three weeks will be spent at the work, and at the end of that time street fair literature and gorgeous lithographs will be in plenty in every town in this part of the state. All cities and villages on the Pennsylvania railway between Mansfield and Salem will be visited; on the Wheeling & Lake, from Jewett to Norwalk; on the C., & L. W., from Uhrichsville to Lorain. The members of this committee are Messrs. Breckel, Benedict, Whitman, Doll and Miller. The advertising will be done under the direction of H. V. Kramer.

The space and construction committee, composed of Messrs. Pietzcker, Vogt and Kramer, are ready to advertise for bids for the construction of booths and fences. Space is selling rapidly. The association has received applications from Canton concerns. No space, however, will be sold outside of the city unless local merchants decline to interest themselves in the matter. The sale of space at $1 per lineal foot will not bring the association a sum sufficient to cover the cost of the booths. Last year it did very well, but since then the price of lumber has increased about thirty per cent. After the fair, of course, the lumber can be sold, but it is not expect that a larger sum than that secured last year will be had for it.

The association will have no street arches this year. The entrance to the fair will be removed from Erie street to a point parallel with the west line of the List property. This will do away with the crowding of Erie street, and East Tremont street merchants will not then be inconvenienced.

Two or three bands will be in attendance at the fair every day. The Military band will be engaged for two days. Bands from the surrounding small towns will be employed, each coming in its turn.

SCHLAFLY WILL STAY.

More Than Two Democratic Candidates for Sheriff.

From the following letter, it seems that Charles L. Frantz, who is managing Peter Smith's campaign, erred in his prediction, as published in THE INDEPENDENT, that but two candidates for sheriff would be voted for on the day of the Democratic primary election. Mr. Schlafly thus emphatically announces his defermination to stay in the fight to a finish:

To the Editor of THE INDEPENDENT:

I, Frank B. Schlafly, wish to state to the Democratic voters of Stark county that the article published in THE INDEPENDENT of July 22, stating that all the Democratic candidates for sheriff except Mr. Wackerly and Mr. Smith would withdraw is erroneous, as I never intended, and do not intend, to withdraw. I assure my friends and supporters that I am on the ticket to stay, and fully expect to be nominated. But if I am not nominated the candidate who dees get the nomination can rest assured that I will do all in my power to further his election. FRANK B. SCHLAFLY.

CARS ALL RUNNING.

CLEVELAND, July 26.—[By Associated Press]—Cars running as usual today, but carrying few passengers.

"No Eye Like the Master's Eye."

You are master of your health, and if you do not attend to duty, the blame is easily located. If your blood is out of order, Hood's Sarsaparilla will purify it.

It is the specific remedy for troubles of the blood, kidneys, bowels or liver.

Kidneys—"My kidneys troubled me, and on advice took Hood's Sarsaparilla which gave prompt relief, better appetite. My sleep is refreshing. It cured my wife also." MICHAEL BOYLE, 3473 Denny Street, Pittsburg, Pa.

Scrofulous Humor—"I was in terrible condition from the itching and burning of scrofulous humor. Grew worse under treatment of several doctors. Took Hood's Sarsaparilla and Hood's Pills. These cured me thoroughly." J. J. LITTLE, Fulton, N. Y.

Hood's Sarsaparilla
Never Disappoints

Hood's Pills cure liver ills; the non-irritating and only cathartic to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

HISSKULL CRUSHED

Howard Snyder Thought to be Fatally Injured.

THROWN FROM A CARRAIGE

Thoughtlessly the Boy Struck the Horse With a Whip—It reared and He Was Thrown Under Its Iron-Shod Hoofs—Resides in Center Street.

Howard Snyder, aged 4 years, is at the home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Benjamin Snyder, of 70 Center street, in a critical condition from injuries sustained at 6 o'clock Sunday evening, while at the farm of his grandfather, Abraham Fasnacht, three miles east of Massillon, where, with his parents, he had spent the day. The boy entered the carriage of his uncle, John Snyder, and struck the horse with the whip. The horse kicked and threw the child over the dashboard under its feet. Before he could be rescued the horse's iron-shod hoofs had inflicted the injuries with which the boy is now suffering. The child never lost consciousness.

Drs. Pumphrey and Smith, who were called, found that the skull was fractured, at one place there being a depression that required the removal of a portion of the skull two and a half inches long and an inch wide. Hemorrhages followed the removal of the crushed part, a small quantity of the brain tissue escaping. The child's entire left side is paralyzed. His recovery is very doubtful.

The child was alone in the vehicle when the accident occurred. Another boy, however, was near by. The horse was tied when it was struck, and it did not break away.

OBITUARY NOTICES.

THOMAS LAVIERS.

Thomas Laviers, who left Massillon on July 10 to seek relief for asthma and dropsy in a change of climate, is dead in St. Luke's hospital at Denver, Col. A telegram announcing the fact was received in Massillon at 4 o'clock Sunday afternoon. It was sent by Joseph Howald, of 102 West Tremont street, who has been in Denver for two months, being himself a sufferer from asthma. The body will be brought to Massillon immediately, but as it is not known positively when it will arrive, funeral arrangements cannot yet be made. For twenty-nine years Mr. Laviers had been troubled with asthma, which finally brought on dropsy. It is supposed that the latter disease was the immediate cause of death. When Mr. Laviers left Massillon he appeared stronger and better than he had in several days. Upon arriving at Denver he was completely exhausted. He first went to a hotel, but was later removed to the hospital.

Mr. Laviers was a native of Merthyr Tydfil, Wales, and was born in 1840. He immigrated to this country in 1863, locating first in Scranton, Pa., and coming to Massillon in 1868. Here he had resided ever since, his home being at 85 Henry street. In 1869, he was married to Miss Dorothy Archibald, whose home was north of the city. Mrs. Laviers died a number of years ago. The children are Mrs. Matthew Moses and Miss Alice Laviers, of Cleveland, and Miss Clara Laviers, of this city. He also leaves two brothers and a sister. One brother is in Wales, the other in Sherodsville, and the sister, Mrs. Mary Lewis, resides in Anaconda, Col. Mr. Laviers was a member of the lodge of Odd Fellows, which society will probably conduct the funeral services.

MRS. MAGDALENA YOUNG.

Mrs. Magdalena Young, widow of the late George Young, died at 12:45 o'clock Wednesday morning, at her home at 17 South Mill street. She has been unconscious since Friday. For a year or more Mrs. Young had suffered from brain trouble, and the immediate cause of death was apoplexy. Funeral services will be held at the residence at 2 o'clock and at St. John's Evangelical church at 2:30 o'clock Friday afternoon. Mrs. Young was a member of St. John's church, and was also connected with the Ladies' Society of that congregation.

Mrs. Young was born in Germany. She was 75 years old. Her maiden name was Strobel, and her marriage to George Young took place in Massillon in 1842. She is survived by three sons and one sister. The children are John Young, of Oklahoma City, O. T.; Louis Young, of Findlay, and George Young, of Massillon. The sister is Mrs. Peter Sisterhen, of Ligonier, Ind.

BRAKEMAN KILLED.

John Miller, of Uhrichsville, Falls Under His Train.

John Miller, of Uhrichsville, a brakeman on a C., L. & W. through freight, passed through Massillon about 2 o'clock this afternoon. Half an hour later his lifeless and mangled body was carried into the local freight house. The exact manner of his death is unknown. Missed by his fellow trainmen, they hailed south bound freight No. 63, north of Pauls asking its crew to look for traces of their companion. His body, cut to pieces, was found along the track south of Pauls, and was immediately brought to this city. It is now in Higerd's undertaking rooms. Miller was about 26 years of age. It is not known whether or not he was married.

DREYFUS ILL.

PARIS, July 26.—[By Associated Press]—The Petit Journal says that Captain Dreyfus is seriously ill with the fever.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER
ABSOLUTELY PURE
Makes the food more delicious and wholesome
ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

RARE OPPORTUNITY.

Massillon May Secure Another Industry.

EMPLOY ABOUT 200 MEN.

Massillon Iron and Steel Company, a New Concern, Makes a Fair Proposition—Asks Only a Site and the Opening of a Street.

An important meeting of the Executive Committee of the Board of Trade was held on Tuesday afternoon, July 25, at the Merchants National Bank. The meeting was called by President W. F. Ricks, to consider the following proposition submitted by "The Massillon Iron and Steel Company," through Mr. C. M. Russell.

To the Board of Trade, Masssillon, O.

Gentlemen—I hold a proposition from reliable parties, now actively engaged in business, to undertake the erection and operation of an extenstve foundry with machine and pattern shop, on a site within or adjoining this city, said factory to furnish employment from 150 to 200 men. The conditions are:

1st.—The subscription to at least a third of the capital stock which will, at the start, be made $150,000.

2nd.—The donation by the board of trade of a satisfactory site, the cost of same not to exceed $4000.

3rd.—The opening of a suitable street by the city to give access to the plant.

The first condition I stand ready to meet, having pledges to nearly cover the required amount. The second and third I feel should meet with prompt acceptance, that the poposition may be accepted and plant erected with least possible delay. March 1, 1900, is named as a date when we may expect the works to be in full operation.

Respectfully,
C. M. RUSSELL.

It is seldom that an opportunity is offered to a city to secure a new industry that will give employment to 150 or 200 workmen for so small a consideration. The fact that home capital is interested to the extent of $50,000 will give it something of a local character and will tend to inspire confidence in its management, permanence and success. The board of trade, realizing the importance of this matter and believing that an opportunity was thus offered to greatly advance the business interests of the city, determined to make an earnest effort to meet the requirements of the proposition and to secure, if possible, this new manufacturing plant for Massillon. It was voted to accept the proposition, provided the required amount can be secured within the next ten days. The following persons were appointed a committee to solicit subscriptions: G. L. Albrecht, J. C. F. Putman, Felix R. Shepley, H. C. Dielhenn, Z. T. Shoemaker, Fred H. Snyder, Frank Hemperly, Charles G. King, John E Johns, Sylvester Burd, W. L Bechtel, William Pietzcker.

The paper to be circulated contains the following heading:

"In order to secure for our city two new, and valuable industries—the one to be known as The Ohio Table Company and the other as The Massillon Iron & Steel Company, the two companies to give employment to not less than 200 workmen.

"We, the undersigned, hereby agree to pay the sums subscribed by us, the aggregate amount raised to be $7,000—$3,000 for the Ohio Table Co., and $4,000 to purchase a suitable tract of ground, of about twenty acres, for the Massillon Iron & Steel Co. The first named company has already commenced the fitting up of its shops, and the second desires to begin work as soon as possible. The payment of subscriptions will be made to James H. Hunt, treasurer of the board of trade, one-half payable September 1 and one-half December 1, 1899."

The committee will begin work at once. While it is quite an undertaking to raise $7,000 by popular subscription it can be easily done if each one will do his part. It is confidently believed that all of our citizens, and especially the business men, will appreciate the advantages to be derived from the location in our city of two new industries that will guarantee permanent employment to 200 or 250 workmen, and that they will be ready to give a prompt and liberal response to the solicitations of the committee.

TO OPEN A LAUNDRY.

H. K. Ryder Removes to Scio to Go into Business.

H. K. Ryder has gone to Scio, where he will go into the laundry business. Mr. Ryder until recently conducted a haberdashery in East Main street. He has not had much experience in the laundry business, but he has push and energy, which will doubtless bring him success. Mrs. Ryder accompanied him to Scio.

The specific remedy for troubles of the blood, kidneys, stomach, liver, is Hood's Sarsaparilla, the great blood purifier.

I give you your money back if you don't like Slusser's Headache Tablets. YOUR DRUGGIST.

VALUABLE HORSE DEAD.

F. A. Vogt's Bay Pacer Suddenly Becomes Fatally Ill.

Frank A. Vogt's bay pacer, valued at $150, is dead. It was taken violently ill while being driven home from Luna lake Sunday evening by Charles Haag and Jacob Haas, employes of Mr. Vogt. At Canal Fulton the horse was placed under the care of a veterinary surgeon, who, however, was unable to do anything for it, death occurring at 11 o'clock Monday morning.

MISSING WITNESS.

Russell Hogan is Now in Chicago.

SAW MRS. GEORGE SHOOT.

The Boy Tells His Story in the Juvenile Court at Chicago—Left Canton Because He was Afraid to Tell What He Knew of the Murder.

CHICAGO, 25 July.—Evidence which might have had an important bearing in the trial of Mrs. Anna George, of Canton, O., charged with the murder of George Saxton, brother-in-law of President McKinley, last October, came to light in the juvenile court. Russell Hogan, fifteen years old, who was brought into court as Richard McKnight, said: "I was standing right across Lincoln avenue from Mrs. Althouse's place and saw Saxton on the porch and saw Mrs. George shoot him. I was afraid they might do something to me if I told what I had seen, so I left home and have traveled all over the country since then."

A dispatch from Canton says that Martin J. Hogan, the father of Russell Hogan, does not know what his boy saw the night of the Saxton murder. He was sick, when the shots were fired, the boy left him to go toward the scene. Young Hogan was wanted as a witness here by both sides, but disappeared shortly before the trial. The defense pretended to want him because his testimony before the coroner was that it was so dark that he could not not tell whether the person doing the shooting was a man or a women. Rather than allow a postponement, the state admitted that had he been present at the trial he would have testified as claimed.

Brave Men Fall.

Victims to stomach, liver and kidney troubles as well as women, and all feel the results in loss of appetite, poisons in the blood, backache, nervousness, headache and tired, listless, run-down feeling. But there's no need to feel like that. Listen to J W. Gardner, Idaville, Ind. He says: "Electric Bitters are just the thing for a man when he is all run down and don't care whether he lives or dies. It did more to give me new strength and good appetite than anything I could take. I can now eat anything and have a new lease on life." Only 50c at Z. T. Baltzly's drug store. Every bottle guaranteed.

Red Hot from the Gun

Was the ball that hit G. B. Steadman, of Newark, Mich., in the civil war. It caused horrible ulcers that no treatment helped for twenty years. Then Bucklen's Arnica Salve cured him. Cures cuts, bruises, burns, boils, felons, corns, skin eruptions. Best pile cure on earth. 25c a box. Cure guaranteed. Sold by Z. T. Baltzly, druggist.

Millions Given Away.

It is certainly gratifying to the public to know of one concern in the land who are not afraid to be generous to the needy and suffering. The proprietors of Dr. King's New Discovery for consumption, coughs and colds, have given away over ten millions trial bottles of this great medicine and have the satisfaction of knowing it has absolutely cured thousands of hopeless cases. Asthma, bronchitis, hoarseness and all diseases of the throat, chest and lungs are surely cured by it. Call on Z. T. Baltzly, druggist, and get a trial bottle free, regular size 50c and $1. Every bottle guaranteed, or price refunded.

Working Day and Night.

The busiest and mightiest little thing that ever was made is Dr. King's New Life Pills. Every pill is a sugar-coated globule of health, that changes weakness into strength, listlessness into energy, brain-fag into mental power. They're wonderful in building up the health Only 25c per box. Sold by Z. T. Baltzly.

NATURAL GAS.

Notice to the Citizens of Massillon.

In order to introduce into all homes in the city of Massillon, in the shortest possible time, the use of natural gas The East Ohio Gas Company will give a discount from the present fixed rates of five cents for each one thousand cubic feet of gas used for domestic purposes during the year commencing July 1st, 1899, and ending July 1st, 1900. As the company is making all house connections at actual cost of materials and labor, it believes that this saving in the price of gas will go largely towards the expense of piping the houses, and will give the company the advantage of having every citizen (even the poorest) as a consumer: thus affording to all the best and cheapest fuel. To encourage the use of gas by manufacturers special rates will be given on application at the office.

EAST OHIO GAS COMPANY,
E. STRONG, President.

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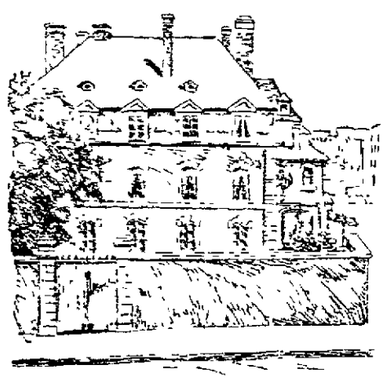
WHERE DREYFUS WILL BE TRIED.

Descriptions of His Prison, the Courthouse and Other Places of Interest In Rennes.

BY HOWARD SPENCE SINCLAIR.

The most important town in all Europe just now is Rennes, the quaint old Breton capital, where will presently be enacted the climax to France's great stage drama Dreyfus, the martyr of Devil's island, is there So is Mme Dreyfus So are a host of other folks—government officials great lawyers swarms of detectives army men and newspaper correspondents

The center of interest, of course, is the military prison It is a solid old stone structure From without it looks very comfortable in spite of the heavy iron bars at the windows. Never before in its history has it held such an



MILITARY PRISON AT RENNES

important prisoner. In fact, its cells have been but little used, an occasional unruly soldier or indiscreet officer making up its list of occupants

It is surrounded by a heavy stone wall, as are many of the old mansions in the town. The only difference between the prison wall and those of the grand residences is that the former is topped with an iron fence and has little watchtowers at the corners.

The window of the cell which Captain Dreyfus occupies is wholly inaccessible from without It overlooks a sort of courtyard, part of which is paved with brick, the rest being beautified with flowers, palms and shrubs.

Next to the prison, both in interest and location is the military court where the second court martial will take place. There is a communicating passage between the two buildings, so that Dreyfus will not be exposed to the gaze of the crowds when he finally goes to face his accusers.

Many court martials have been held there in years past and many officers of artillery have answered charges at that bar, but no trial has ever been held which has attracted the attention of more than a handful of army men

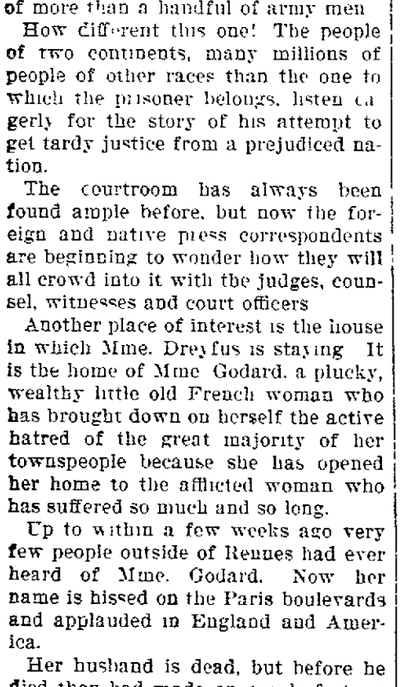
How different this one! The people of two continents, many millions of people of other races than the one to which the prisoner belongs, listen eagerly for the story of his attempt to get tardy justice from a prejudiced nation.

The courtroom has always been found ample before, but now the foreign and native press correspondents are beginning to wonder how they will all crowd into it with the judges, counsel, witnesses and court officers

Another place of interest is the house in which Mme. Dreyfus is staying It is the home of Mme Godard, a plucky, wealthy little old French woman who has brought down on herself the active hatred of the great majority of her townspeople because she has opened her home to the afflicted woman who has suffered so much and so long.

Up to within a few weeks ago very few people outside of Rennes had ever heard of Mme. Godard. Now her name is hissed on the Paris boulevards and applauded in England and America.

Her husband is dead, but before he died they had made an ample fortune together from the sale of all kinds of wood, from firewood growing in the



HOUSE OF MME GODARD, RENNES.
[Where Mme Dreyfus is staying.]

forests around Rennes to strange spicewood and dyewood from Asia and Africa. They really carried on a kind of business entirely original with themselves, and though they made a fortune out of it, it seems that now, when one of them is dead and the other retired, the business dies with them. Nobody has enterprise enough in Rennes to carry it on or to establish it in Paris and become richer still than funny little old Mme. Godard.

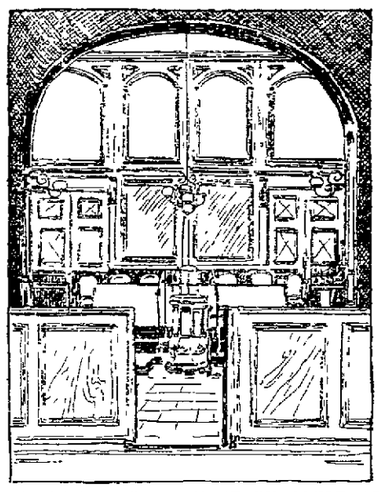
She has been outrageously treated by the Paris correspondents and bars them from her house, but the American and English correspondents she treats differently. In a recent interview she told why she offered an asylum to Mme. Dreyfus.

"This is how it all started: Mme. Dreyfus sent her agent to Rennes to prepare a suitable place near the prison, in which she should live during her husband's trial. To her surprise the agent returned in a few days to say that he could not rent a house for her in all Rennes, and that not a single hotel would take her in.

"Think of it! Now, I am not a 'Dreyfusarde,' as the Paris papers say, at all. I don't want to know anything about the case except this much Mme Dreyfus has won my admiration by what I know of her attitude during all this terrible trouble that has come upon her and her family, and as soon as I read that her agent had failed here I sat down and wrote her a frank little note, putting my house at her disposal.

"I did not then know what beasts were among my fellow townspeople, and I was glad when I received a graceful acceptance from Mme Dreyfus. I do not know her; I have never seen her, and I stated that I would leave the house the day before she arrived, so as to leave her in the greatest privacy. But this she wrote to say she should not allow. Then began my troubles. I have been sometimes awakened in the dead of night by people shouting out against me beneath my very windows. And why? Because I had been moved to compassion by the unheard of injustice done to a good woman.

"If she could find neither lodging nor bread and wine elsewhere in Rennes, she could at least get both at my house, and not because I hold any definite opinion as to her husband's



INTERIOR VIEW OF MILITARY COURT AT RENNES.

guilt or innocence, but because she deserves the respect of every human being.

"I am now almost afraid that Mme. Dreyfus will refuse the hospitality I have been so glad to be able to offer her. She has certainly heard of the persecution to which I am now being subjected and will fear to cause my ruin by coming here. But my blood is up," concluded the stalwart old lady, with flaming eyes. "They shall not frighten me or turn me out of the path I have entered I defy them"'

And defy them, she has most effectually, for Mme. Dreyfus has lived under her roof in safety for some little time. It is expected that she will continue to stay as the guest of the courageous little widow until the end of the trial.

The aristocratic old citizens of Rennes were somewhat disturbed at first by the sudden influx of strangers, but they have become highly satisfied with the present state of affairs. The strangers have brought with them much money, and 20 franc pieces have never been changed so frequently in all the history of the old town as now.

Rennes is busy gathering in the franc pieces and the bank notes. The cafes find themselves forced to stretch themselves gradually out into the street to the very border of the river; the theaters have two performances a day, and even then cannot offer room to all who want to come. Bands play on every street corner, and the long disused fountains in front of the superb old Mairie are set hurling their snowy tongues toward the sky. The two lazy music halls are inundated; the hotels burst with guests; the force at the telegraph office has been quadrupled.

And all this because the court of cassation chose Rennes as the place where Dreyfus should be brought a second time before his judges. The longer the trial is delayed the larger the harvest of money; every day must mean thousands of dollars for those of the population who are engaged in catering to the newcomers.

The Bitter Part of It.

Some philosopher says: "The contented man is never poor; the discontented never rich."

That may be all right as far as the man himself is concerned, but it's discouraging to be a member of a contented poor man's family.—Chicago Times-Herald.

Foul-Smelling Catarrh.

Catarrh is one of the most obstinate diseases, and hence the most difficult to get rid of.

There is but one way to cure it. The disease is in the blood, and all the sprays, washes and inhaling mixtures in the world can have no permanent effect whatever upon it. Swift's Specific cures Catarrh permanently, for it is the only remedy which can reach the disease and force it from the blood.

Mr. B. P. McAllister, of Harrodsburg, Ky., had Catarrh for years. He writes: "I could see no improvement whatever, though I was constantly treated with sprays and washes, and different inhaling remedies—in fact, I could feel that each winter I was worse than the year previous.

"Finally it was brought to my notice that Catarrh was a blood disease, and after thinking over the matter, I saw it was unreasonable to expect to be cured by remedies which only reached the surface. I then decided to try S. S. S., and after a few bottles were used, I noticed a perceptible improvement. Continuing the remedy, the disease was forced out of my system, and a complete cure was the result. I advise all who have this dreadful disease to abandon their local treatment, which has never done them any good, and take S. S. S., a remedy that can reach the disease and cure it."

To continue the wrong treatment for Catarrh is to continue to suffer. Swift's Specific is a real blood remedy, and cures obstinate, deep-seated diseases, which other remedies have no effect whatever upon. It promptly reaches Catarrh, and never fails to cure even the most aggravated cases.

S.S.S. For The Blood is Purely Vegetable, and is the only blood remedy guaranteed to contain no dangerous minerals.

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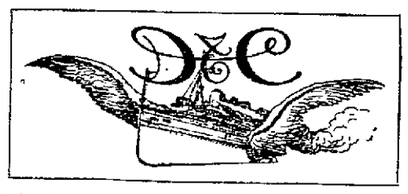

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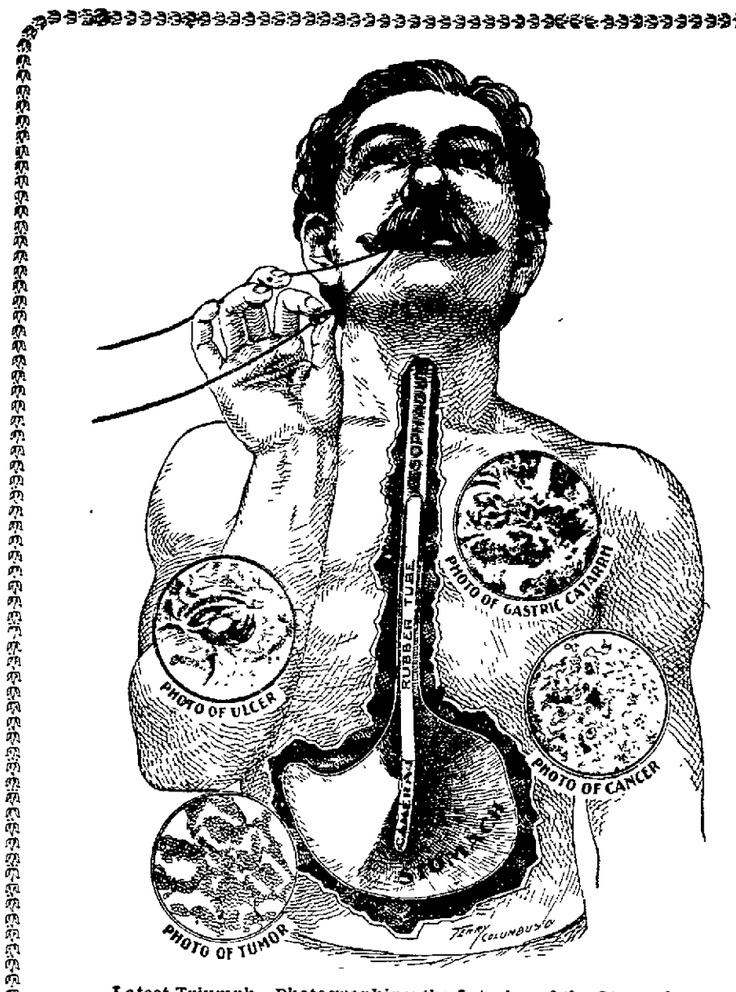

Latest Triumph—Photographing the Interior of the Stomach.

HAVE YOU STOMACH DISEASE?

Do you bloat?
Do you feel sick?
Is your tongue coated?
Are you nervous?
Do you belch up gas?
Are you constipated?
Does your stomach hurt?
Do you feel faint at times?
Do you cough up phlegm?
Do you have a weak, tired exhausted feeling?
Is there a full, dull heavy feeling in the stomach?
Do you have an empty "all gone" feeling at times?

If these are some of your symptoms you may be sure you have **CATARRH OF THE STOMACH.**

Dr. Kutchin has a new and wonderful treatment discovered by himself, that cures this disease.

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Dr. Kutchin, Ex. U. S. Surgeon.
COLUMBUS, OHIO.
He is a graduate of two of the leading medical colleges in America Licensed by the State of Ohio

☞See him before it is too late, and this awful disease has made you an incurable wreck, or hurried you to an untimely grave.

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He has performed thousands of wonderful cures. There is hardly a community in the State of Ohio that can not point to some one strong and well who was once given up to die but was cured and restored to friends and family by this skillful Specialist.

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240,000 SOLD THIS SEASON,

1,990,000 In use on the "Globe." Order now before the advance in price.

A McCORMICK Rake, Mower, Self-binder Corn-harvester, or a Husker or Shredder.

See J, Marsh McDowell, Traveling Agent at Hotel Sailer, Massillon, or Orrville.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
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W. & L. E. WRECK.

Leonard Creager, of Massillon, Injured.

GAS PIPES THE CAUSE.

Insecure Fastenings Cause Them to Roll Off the Car in the Rexford Tunnel—The Injured Men Brought to Their Homes.

A disastrous wreck occurred on the W. & L. E. railway Saturday morning, at Rexford, about fifty miles south of Massillon. West bound freight, No. 48, had entered the 600-foot tunnel just south of that place. In the train was a flat car loaded with gas pipe. The pipe was held in place by stakes inserted in the sides of the car, and joined at the tops from opposite sides with beams. Part of the train had already emerged, when the stakes on the gas pipe car, which was still in the tunnel, gave way without warning.

Brakeman Leonard Creager was sitting on the car immediately following. One of the timbers joining the stakes flew back, striking him violently on the head and throwing him from the car. Having nothing to hold them in place, the pipes began to roll off, striking the wall of the tunnel, and, rebounding, several fell under the car wheels, derailing five cars. When picked up, Creager was lying unconscious in a mud puddle. He was taken to Jewett, and the company physician summoned. Still unconscious, he was brought to Massillon on No. 8, Saturday evening, and removed to his home in West Tremont street. Dr. Culbertson is now in attendance. The injured man is suffering from concussion of the brain, but hopes for his recovery are entertained. He is yet in a semi-delirious condition. Creager is a married man.

Brakeman Gurley sustained a broken arm and was badly bruised in the accident. Conductor Kiger's injuries are trifling. Considering the surroundings, people who know say that, serious as the accident was, it surprising that it was not more so. All members of the crew reside in Massillon. Railway men say that no blame is attachable to them or to the company, as the accident was caused solely by insecure fastenings made by the people who loaded the car. The Columbia wrecking and bridge crews were called to clear away the wreck. The track was blocked for upwards of four hours, No. 6, due at 1:55, arriving at 5 o'clock.

IT RAN AWAY.

A Frightened Horse Makes Things Lively Saturday Night.

A horse, belonging to John Fisher, who lives north of the city, created considerable excitement in town Saturday evening. It was tied in front of the Grojean bakery in East Main street, Mrs. Fisher being in the buggy. Taking fright at something on the street, the horse tore the hitching strap and took to the sidewalk with the buggy, passing over the lawn in front of the Conrad residence, and turning about to the other side of the street, where it struck the awning in front of Falke's store, tearing top and seat off of the vehicle, and throwing Mrs. Fisher violently to the ground, but not injuring her to any extent. Continuing down the street, the horse ran into a buggy, occupied by Mrs. Joseph Krause, damaging it somewhat, and was finally stopped at the corner of Erie and Main streets, after having almost crashed into Goodhart's large window.

BRIDGE HOUSE DAMAGED.

An Early Morning Fire of Mysterious Origin.

The origin of the fire at the Bridge House, in West Main street, between 2 and 3 o'clock Monday morning, is unknown. It was discovered by Mrs. John Hannan, wife of the landlord, who was sitting up with a sick child. The firemen were summoned. Mr. Hannan says his damage is $250. Bar fixtures and furniture were practically ruined. William Heitzman owns the building. His loss is somewhat greater. Both house and furniture were insured. The fire started in the basement kitchen. It had eaten its way through the floor into the bar-room when discovered.

TWO MEN INJURED.

N. Hoffman and J. Berger Meet With an Accident.

Nicholas Hoffman, of 21 North Waechter street, and Joseph Berger, also of the West Side, were burned and otherwise injured at the Massillon Mining Company's mine, on the Ralston farm, west of the city, Saturday. Powder which they had lighted unexpectedly exploded. Neither is badly hurt.

PATIENT DISCHARGED.

NEW YORK, July 24.—[By Associated Press]—Oscar F. Lacey, who came from Cuba a short time ago with yellow fever in its worst form, and was treated with serum, has been discharged, cured.

BEECHAM'S PILLS
Cure
Constipation
and
Sick Headache
Quicker than anything else.
10 cents and 25 cents—Druggists.

TO PRESERVE THE FORESTS.

Thirteen Additional Forest Preserves With Nearly 22,000,000 Acres.

Ex-President Cleveland, on the recommendation of Secretary Francis and a Forestry Commission of the National Academy of Sciences, signed and promulgated thirteen proclamations establishing thirteen additional forest reservations, containing an aggregate area of 21,379,840 acres.

The report of the Forestry Commission to Secretary Francis, and his report to the President, give interesting and valuable information concerning this important Executive act. An appropriation of $25,000 was made by Congress "to enable the Secretary of the Interior to meet the expenses of an investigation and report by the National Academy of Sciences on the inauguration of a national forestry policy for the forested lands of the United States." Under authority of this act and with the approval of the Secretary of the Interior, Professor Wolcott Gibbs (president of the National Academy of Sciences), appointed a commission, consisting of Professor Charles S. Sargent, director of the Arnold Arboretum at Harvard University; General H. L. Abbott, United States Engineer Corps; Professor William H. Brewer of Yale University, Mr. Arnold Hague of the United States Geological Survey; Mr. Alexander Agassiz and Mr. Gifford Pinchot, the president of the Academy, being ex-officio a member of the commission.

Together with previous reservations, the total area of secured forest land is now about 39,000,000 acres. The President could not have done any act which would be of more ultimate good to the country. Our forests must be preserved.

GARDEN NOTES.

The work of cleaning up is nearly completed.

The planting of all hardy trees shrubs and herbaceous plants should be in progress, for the sooner these are in the ground the better.

Summer Flowering Bulbs.—Gladiolus, Tigridias, Tritomas, Montbretias and other summer flowering bulbs may be planted as soon as convenient.

The rock garden will need going over, and it will be something unusual if many blank spaces be not found. To fill these we must fall back upon our reserve garden.

Borders.—Many of the coarser growing members of the compositae will be taking up too much room in the borders, and will need reducing. A little fresh manure may be worked in lightly.

Potting Soil.—A fresh supply will be wanted for next autumn's use, and for this purpose save all trimmings of grass edges, and with the addition of a little fresh loam taken from a pasture, if possible, make up the desired quantity.

In composting we endeavor to use some fermenting material, which will heat up the pile to about 120 Fht.; this is with the object of destroying insects and weed seeds. Bone meal and sheep manure, used in layers, alternately through the loam work splendidly. One autumn I had a pile made up in this way which kept warm all winter.

Preparations should be made for putting out summer flowering annuals These we keep together, and lay out a convenient lot of neat beds in a corner, where the plants will be effective as well as useful. Beds for the summer require a fresh supply of manure and turning over. It is beter to have this work done a week or two ahead.

Get Ready for Spring.

We have passed through another year of hard work and little pay, but now, as the political horizon has cleared and our hopes are cherished with the prospect of better days, let us prepare for a big harvest of profitable crops. Sweeten the churn, mend the fences, protect the stock from cold, fatten the horses, oil the harness, and see that the plow, the harrow, and the drill are in good order, for soon the sun will warm the ground and cause the frost to disappear, and the birds will come singing of spring with its promising buds and blossoms as a foretaste of a plentiful harvest.

If you want a big harvest, remember that plants as they live grow hungry for food, and unless there is phosphorus in the ground the leaves and stems will wither and die, and the crop will not pay for the labor you put on it Every dollar judiciously invested in good fertilizing material will pay a big return. Bear this in mind and act accordingly.

A Grand Peach.

The Triumph peach is the earliest yellow free stone peach in the world It ripens a little earlier than the Alexander, blooms late, is a sure and abundant bearer and a strong grower. Several trees (two-year-old buds) produced this season over half bushel of fruit each. Fruit is large, with very small pit, surfice is yellow, nearly covered with red in the sun, flesh bright yellow, free and of finest flavor. The wonder of the peach class, and the best earliest yellow freestone known.

One of God's Temples,

Is the way O. W. Rich speaks in the Cultivator of an Evergreen grove in Cass County, Iowa. Who would say that such a grove is not worth $1,000 to any farm? Who could estimate the increased value of Iowa real estate in every quarter section contained an evergreen grove? The grove referred to contains 500 Scotch pines, from eight to 14 feet in height stretching out 800 feet one way by 60 feet the other.

Tree Victims of Insomnia.

Many shade trees in our cities are noticed to be dying at the top and the cause is said to be the effect of the electric light. A tree, it is claimed needs darkness and sleep just as all animals do. This the electric light prevents, hence their premature decay.

Broad Beans.

These are as hardy as peas, and if planted in rich soil as early as the ground can be worked, pods can be gathered before the heat of summer after which time they frequently become infested with black aphis.

CARING FOR FARM TOOLS.

One Sure Sign of a Shiftless Farmer is a Lot of Rusty Implements.

It is rule we have always found true that the successful farmer always takes the best care of his tools. He has sheds for his mower, rake, binder, plow and cultivators, drill, planter, harrow, etc. They are never left out exposed to the weather, to decay on rust, but are housed as soon as done using them for the season. When the season for a piece of machinery is past, it is run into shelter until a rainy day, when it is carefully gone over, bolts tightened, parts well oiled where it might otherwise rust, and the woodwork and as much of the iron as possible repainted, should it need it; And then, but not until then, store the machine away until wanted next season. If it has been properly cared for, it will be in as good condition as the year previous. The plows and cultivators can be taken apart as can other pieces of machinery, so that less space will be occupied.

Few farmers have a place where they can store their machinery. The first cost of putting up a building large enough is one that many farmers do not feel that they can afford, though the saving in machinery in the first ten years would more than pay for the building. He cannot always see that it would pay; he counts only the cost of the building, not the money paid out in repairs and new machinery. But nearly every farmer has unused, sheltered nooks in barns, sheds, stable or crib, where a part of a machine might be left, or where the harrow might stand. Perhaps he has more shed room than is utilized. He can partition off a few yards of it and run the mower, binder, etc., in out of the storms and snow of winter. Perhaps there is room for a cultivator between the corn and roof of the corn crib. By storing the machinery in these old nooks one can keep nearly all his tools out of the weather's harm.

A sure sign of a shiftless farmer is to see a binder, dismantled and alone, in the fence corner of a stubble field, a mower where left in the meadow, with thre rake for a neighbor, the cultivators at the end of the last row of corn plowed, with the plows and planter nearby, and no doubt the harrow close at hand, only the weeds hiding it from sight; the wagon out in the sun and rain, and carriage, if he has one, also sitting in the shade of a tree, etc. We have all seen this sort of farmer, and know what the result of his recklessness has been or will be He can not stand the strain, and sooner or later must sink. It may not be the cost of machinery that does it, but it is the same shiftless disposition that causes the neglect of this great leak. that causes the overlooking of the rest. There are many leaks which if left to run, will sink the farmer's craft. Farm machinery is one of the greatest. Buy only what you must have, and take the best of care of that.

JIM. L. IRWIN.

Mutton Chops.

If you have some large, early lambs now is the time to take them to market. I have known such lambs to bring more at four months than they would if kept to be eight or nine months old.

Never put a poor thin lamb in a lot of good ones, as it may knock the price of the others.

All such should be kept and put in first-class shape before offered for sale.

Wean at about four months old.; have them on good pasture, with their dams, before weaning them. Move the ewes to a dry pasture or to a yard on dry feed, for a time, to lessen the flow of milk. Examine the udders occasionally, and if need be, draw the milk a few times. This is very important, as our best heavy milkers would be the ones to suffer from neglect in this particular.

The ewe must be placed out of hearing distance from the lamb, as if they hear one another's call. they are quite liable to get back together.

It is often a good plan to leave one ewe with the flock of lambs for a time to keep them quiet.

We must give the lambs extra feed at this time or there, will be a setback in their growth. Give a small allowance of ground oats and peas, or any grain at hand may be given Wheat, bran and middlings are excellent.

They should be allowed a fresh pasture of clover or rape, which has been provided for them at this time.

Have you provided shelter from the sun, and a clean place to drink? Or are your sheep suffering in the heat with heavy fleeces and scanty water? No sheep should now be carrying a fleece of wool. Have mercy and thought for the poor beast that can not speak his needs.

Fresh Water For Dairy Cows.

With the approach of the hot and dry summer months it becomes necessary to supply the farm animals with abundance of pure fresh water.

When the animals are required to quench their thirst in mudddy, stagnant pools of water, it is not only inhuman, but it is even dangerous to the animals' health, as it often causes fatal diseases among the farm animals.

And when dairy cows are forced to drink impure water their milk will also be affected to a large extent, as it contains eighty-seven per cent. of water.

Consequently such milk will become a source of constant danger to all persons using it And without doubt a large per cent. of fever and sickness in summer months among infants and children is directly due to this cause

It pays to feed some grain even in the flush of the fresh feed in June.

The Curious Cassowary.

Every explorer who visits the Australasian islands discovers a new kind of cassowary. None of these birds possesses any wings to speak of, and their bodies are clothed with dense masses of curious, hairlike feathers. According to a recent traveler, these feathers are put to a very remarkable use.

When a cassowary feels hungry—so the legend runs—it wades out into a stream until only its head and neck are above water and spreads out its long plumes on either side. Numbers of unsophisticated little fishes immediately mistake these for a new kind of water weed and nestle confidingly up to the motionless cassowary for shelter.

Then that artful bird suddenly presses his feathers close against his body, walks ashore and shakes out his prisoners on the bank; so that he not only enjoys a delightful bath, but obtains an excellent meal into the bargain.

The Rat That Sailed.

A rat was caught alive on board a naval vessel in a trap, and the beast was thrown from the trap into the water without being killed. A large gull that was following in the wake of the ship to pick up scraps of food thrown overboard by the steward swooped several times, endeavoring to pick the rat up. Once the bird got too close to the rat's jaws, and the beast grabbed it by the neck. After a short fight the rat succeeded in killing the bird. When the gull was dead, the rat scrambled upon the bird's body, and, hoisting one wing as a sail and using the other as a rudder, succeeded in steering for the shore. Whether the rat reached shore or not is the question, since the ship soon got out of sight of the skipper and its craft.

Then Do Your Cussing.

If you feel like cussing the paper and editor, remember that he can't run it and make it better without financial support, and that he will appreciate it more and it will do you as little harm if you go over and pay up your subscription if you are a delinquent subscriber, or, if not, pay a subscription for your friend.—Lawrence Democrat.

A Note From Dublin.

"Dear Tim, I'm sending you my old coat by parcel post, so I've cut the buttons off to make it lighter. But you will find them in the inside pocket. Yours truly, Pat."

STORIES OF RELIEF.

Two Letters to Mrs. Pinkham.

Mrs. JOHN WILLIAMS, Englishtown, N. J., writes:

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I cannot begin to tell you how I suffered before taking your remedies. I was so weak that I could hardly walk across the floor without falling. I had womb trouble and such a bearing-down feeling; also suffered with my back and limbs, pain in womb, inflammation of the bladder, piles and indigestion. Before I had taken one bottle of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound I felt a great deal better, and after taking two and one-half bottles and half a box of your Liver Pills I was cured. If more would take your medicine they would not have to suffer so much."

Mrs. JOSEPH PETERSON, 513 East St., Warren, Pa., writes:

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I have suffered with womb trouble over fifteen years. I had inflammation, enlargement and displacement of the womb. I had the backache constantly, also headache. and was so dizzy. I had heart trouble, it seemed as though my heart was in my throat at times choking me. I could not walk around and I could not lie down, for then my heart would beat so fast I would feel as though I was smothering. I had to sit up in bed nights in order to breathe. I was so weak I could not do anything.

"I have now taken several bottles of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and used three packages of Sanative Wash, and can say I am perfectly cured. I do not think I could have lived long if Mrs. Pinkham's medicine had not helped me."

ECONOMY

How much is your time worth? How much do you value your strength? Is your money worth saving? These questions will all be answered to your entire satisfaction if you use

GOLD DUST Washing Powder

in your cleaning. It will do your work in half the time, with half the labor, and at half the cost of soap or any other cleanser. It will make your housework easy and save you many an hour of worry.

For greatest economy buy our large package.

THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY
CHICAGO ST. LOUIS NEW YORK BOSTON

He Made a Sale.

A big down town department store has a young man employed as rug salesman who at times evinces genius in the highest degree.

Into the store there recently came a South Side society woman well known for nervousness and a tendency to flounder about in her topics of conversation. She desired a rug of a certain size. The young man got down two or three to show her. In the middle of his explanation as to quality and price she turned away and began to examine goods on a neighboring counter. Then she went back to the young man and wanted to look at some more rugs. He started to spread one out. when she wandered away again. When she returned the third time, he had a stool placed in an angle of the counter and suggested that perhaps she would be seated while he got the rug.

When she had taken her seat. he spread the rug so that it effectually blocked the angle and prevented her escape. He held up the edge of the rug farthest from her so she couldn't walk over it, and so kept her penned up while he explained how fine a rug it was. She made two or three attempts to get down, but with no success, and finally bought the rug to obtain her release.—Chicago News.

Turkey's Elaborate Armories.

Turkey prides itself on its armories and claims that no other country in the world can equal them. Constantinople boasts the roomiest and handsomest of all. The armories there are like palaces, with all the comforts and conveniences modern genius can supply. These buildings are all erected on high ground, and in many cases strike the eye of the approaching tourist before the gates of Constantinople are reached. This is true particularly of the Haidan Pasha and Pera armories, which always arouse the admiration of newcomers to the Turkish capital. The armories are surrounded by huge gardens, with large courts and terraces, and reflect credit upon the Turkish architects.

The Points Were There.

Little Clara's parents often discuss reincarnation, and the small maiden has acquired some of the phraseology.

"Mamma," she said one day, "my kittie must have been a paper of pins in a previous state of existence."

"Why do you think so?" asked her mother.

"Because I can feel some of them in her toes yet," was the logical reply.

Choice of Evils.

"Mrs. Smith, you don't seem to mind your two boys quarreling."

"No. When they're quarreling, I know they're too busy to hatch up mischief."—Chicago Record.

The Indian crocodile is a ferocious and dangerous animal and causes great destruction to human life, especially in lower Bengal.

College Coaches.

The great majority of college men are mentally superior to the coach and at the same time acquire the sort of knowledge that is supposed to be peculiar to him only. The conclusion of the college men is that they can do both sorts of work as well as he, and they have begun to do it with success.

A POPULAR WEDDING TRIP

Is to Take a D. & C. Steamer to Mackinac Island, Michigan.

If you want a delightful wedding trip where you are not likely to meet acquaintances, take one of the D. & C. new steel passenger steamers to the Island of Cool Breezes. Staterooms and parlors reserved thirty days in advance. Send two cent stamp for illustrated pamphlet Address A A Schantz, G P A., D. & C., Detroit, Mich

Would Have Cost Him His Life.

I have been using Doley's Kidney Cure and take great pleasure in stating it gave me permanent cure of kidney disease which certainly would have cost me my life. I recommend it to any one afflicted with kidney trouble Oscar Bowman. Lebanon, Ky. Rider & Snyder

C & B LINE
CLEVELAND TO BUFFALO
"While you Sleep."
UNPARALLELED NIGHT SERVICE. NEW STEAMERS
"CITY OF BUFFALO"
AND
"CITY OF ERIE,"
both together being without doubt, in all respects, the finest and fastest that are run in the interest of the traveling public in the United States.
TIME CARD,
DAILY INCLUDING SUNDAY.
Leave Cleveland 8 P.M. Arrive Buffalo 6 A.M.
" Buffalo 8 " " Cleveland 6 "
CENTRAL STANDARD TIME.
Connections made at Buffalo with trains for all Eastern and Canadian points. Ask ticket agent for tickets via C. & B. Line. Send four cents for illustrated pamphlet. SPECIAL LOW RATES TO BUFFALO AND NIAGARA FALLS EVERY SATURDAY NIGHT.
W. F. HERMAN,
GENERAL PASSENGER AGENT,
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MASON'S CREAM OF OLIVES OINTMENT
HOUSEHOLD: CURES CATARRH ASTHMA HAY FEVER; " " MUMPS, CROUP, CAKED BREAST; " " FIRE & SUN BURN, CHAFING; " " BUNIONS & TIRED FEET; " " CHAPPED FACE, LIPS & HANDS; " " SAFE REMEDY FOR PILES; ALL DRUGGISTS OR MAILED FOR 25¢; H. T. MASON CHEMICAL CO 515 ARCH ST. PHILA. PA.
BICYCLERS
SAFE · SPEEDY · SURE

Our Prices are Not Copyrighted.

Any one is welcome

To Match Them If they can.

10 dozen white duck yacht caps, 50c values for 25c, just the cap for excursionists.

Another lot of cross stripe silk front shirts just received, blues, pinks, lavenders, etc., latest out. See them. $1.50 values, $1.

Elegant leather belts, 25c, 50c.

Boys' leather belts, 15c.

Boys' crash caps, 25c.

Bathing suits (5 years up) 50c.

Bargains in golf hose, sweaters, underwear, fancy hose, summer suspenders, umbrellas, traveling bags, etc.

GEO. W. DOLL,
Cash Hatter.
At-the-Bridge.

Our Clearance Sale . . .
Makes a New Record.

Already ahead of all previous sales. Our low prices on good, choice merchandise is the key note to our success Many new desirable goods are added daily to make this sale interesting to our customers. We place on sale:

4000 yards New Fall Dress Goods at prices that are already appreciated, 5c, 6¼c, 10c and 12c per yard, 27 to 40 inches wide. Plenty of Lawns and Organdies for all, at 3½c, and 6¼c. Choice Calicoes at 3c. Wash Skirts at 98c, $1.25 and $1.75. White Pique Skirts at about half price. All Colored Shirt Waists at 49c and 69c.

Every Department Has a General Cleaning Up.

ALLMAN & PUTMAN.

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

A DESERTED CITY.

Massillon's Business Life Has Departed.

THE CITY AT PRESQUE ISLE.

The Grocers and Other Merchants Close Their Stores, and, With 2,000 Patrons, Go off to Enjoy Their Annual Day's Outing.

(From Wednesday's Daily.)

Up and down on either side of the business streets today the eye sees little besides closed doors and drawn curtains. There is really nothing doing. This is the day of the Massillon Retail Grocers' Association's annual picnic and outing at Presque Isle. Long before 6 o'clock this morning, the W. & L. E. railway station was the Mecca of picnickers, numbering fully fifteen hundred. Besides this number about one hundred and twenty-five came from Navarre, while two hundred were waiting at Dalton, and a large contingent was expected at Orrville. The three sections departed promptly at the appointed time, the first, in charge of Supt. F. J. Stout and Commercial Agent Frank Cramer, at 6 o'clock, the second, in charge of J. N. Merwin and Samuel Sherman, at 6:15, and the third, which started from Navarre, in charge of Trainmaster C. Van Dusen and Local Station Agent William Hansen, at 6:35. Though all the cars were well filled, none were uncomfortably crowded. It is expected that Ironville will be reached in three hours and a half. Presque Isle is but a few minutes' ride on the lake from Ironville.

A FAST RUN.

Theee Hours and Twenty Minutes From Massillon to Toledo.

At 11:20 a. m., the following dispatch was sent from Toledo to THE INDEPENDENT:

"Made run from Massillon to Toledo in three hours and twenty minutes. Everybody well and having a good time, and all are highly pleased with the splendid service accorded by the Wheeling & Lake Erie Railroad Company. Weather perfect.

GROCERS' COMMITTEE.

THE CINCINNATI STRIKE.

CINCINNATI, July 26.—[By Associated Press]—Several new messenger boys were attacked by strikers early today, but the police were much more active than yesterday in preventing lawlessness. They do not allow crowds to congregate anywhere on the streets. The new messengers are being escorted by police in many instances. The Western Union is using the telephone to deliver many messages, afterwards mailing a copy. None of their boys have been asked to resume work. Huber, the strike leader, was arrested yesterday for assaulting a messenger, and his case was continued in police court until August 12. The judge warned him against repeating acts of violence. The newsboys' strike is likely to continue, as the evening papers will not concede their demands, neither are they organizing any new agencies for selling their papers.

Later—A little before noon the newsboys' strike ended by the evening papers agreeing to take back all unsold papers, the first two editions of later editions to be bought by the boys outright. There will be no change in the price paid for papers.

ROBBER BANDS IN CEBU.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—[By Associated Press]—General Otis cables that robbers in the Cebu mountains are robbing and impressing people of the coast towns. On Monday last Lieutenat Moore, with a detachment of two hundred and thirty infantry, was fired on from a strongly fortified position in the mountains, by which one private was killed. The enemy's loss was five bandits killed and seven captured. Otis also cabled that Colonel Bell, of the Thirty-sixth infantry has enlisted about five hundred men: Colonel Lockett's cavalry regiment has over four hundred applications, and Colonel Wallace's Thirty-seventh regiment about 400 men. Otis thinks he can raise here an additional regiment, exclusively of volunteers.

WITH FIXED BAYONETS.

CLEVELAND, July 26.—[By Associated Press]—A riot occurred at Collinwood last night and it was reported at noon today that a mob had derailed a car and stoned it. Captain Rodder, with fifteen naval reserves, was sent to the assistance of the officers and was also stoned. He dispersed the crowd with fixed bayonets.

SCHOOL SHIP BURNED.

LIVERPOOL, July 26.—[By Associated Press]—The Roman Catholic reformation ship, Clarence, was destroyed by fire early today. The boys on board worked with fine discipline to save the vessel and were safely taken off by the ferry boats. Bishop Whiteside and the captain's family lost all their personal effects.

BEECHAM'S PILLS

taken at night will make you feel right, act right and look right. They cure Constipation.

10 cents and 25 cents, at all drug stores.

ASPARAGUS IN SEASON

Some Suggestions About the Best Way to Prepare It.

Asparagus is cheap enough now for ordinary people to consider ways of cooking it. It is one of the good things that are ruined so often in the preparation for the table. Sir Henry Thompson, connoisseur, says: "Asparagus should be cut of exactly equal lengths and boiled, standing ends upward, in deep pan. Nearly two inches of the heads should be out of the water, the steam sufficing to cook them as they form the tenderest part of the plant, while the stalky part is rendered soft and succulent by the longer boiling this plan permits. Instead of the orthodox twenty minutes allotted to average asparagus lying horizontally, which half cooks the stalks and overcooks the heads, diminishing its flavor and consistence, a period of thirty or forty minutes on the plan recommended will render fully one-third more of the stalk delicious, while the head will be cooked by the steam alone."

Gourmets assert that asparagus, to be perfect, should always be eaten tepid. Taste in the last few years however, has run to cold asparagus. Hot or cold, a plain vinaligrette sauce of salt, pepper, oil and vinegar, with finely minced herbs, brings out the flavor best, although with hot asparagus many people prefer simply drawn butter.

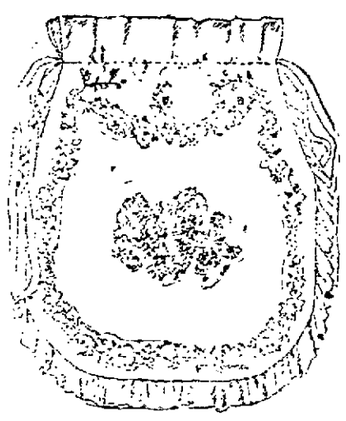
For more elaborate service, mayonnaise, bechamel or mousseuse sauces are used, or it may be served au gratin or as an omelet filling.

A cream of asparagus soup, with cucumbers, is highly recommended by the epicure. It is made by taking a bunch of asparagus, removing the tough parts and standing in boiling water until about half cooked, then draining and stewing in enough butter to keep it moist, seasoning with salt, pepper and nutmeg. Two gills of white stock are added, and the same amount of sauce supreme and later a little poultry stock. When thoroughly cooked it is passed through a sieve. Bits of cucumber in butter are added and just before serving a liaison of eggs' yolk and cream is stirred in.

An English authority describes the preparation of asparagus as a sweet. Two pounds are cleaned and rinsed well, and boiled until tender in two quarts of milk. It is then strained and four ounces of sugar are added. The liquid in which it was boiled is then poured in, and the whole is thickened with the yolks of eight eggs, the concoction being stirred over the fire until thick enough. After being rubbed through a tanning it is frozen; two wine glassfuls of sherry, half a wine glassful of brandy and one and a half gills of whipped cream are added, when it is refrozen and put in the ice cave until ready to be served.

A New Thing in Bags.

The pompadour bag is the latest and daintiest bag added to the pretty bags of all kinds that ma belle wears dangling from her belt to hold her bonbonniere, vinaigrette, handkerchiefs, etc. These are made of white or very delicately tinted duchesse satin, with contrasting satin lining. The accompanying illustration shows the manner in which they are embroidered in baby ribbon for the flowers, the stems being done in embroidery silk.



How Do You Pull.

Doorbells are pretty fair indicators of character. Probably you have not been conscious of it, but every time you pull a doorbell you register what manner of man you are. Your ring will not tell everything about you from the color of your eyes to your taste in flowers, but to those who know the signs the doorbell is as good as a title page.

Anyone who has had occasion to answer bell pulls knows how much difference there is in them. One person's method varies very little from time to time, though the difference between that method and somebody else's while slight, will be sufficiently well marked. It is seldom that two rings are exactly alike.

The housewife recognizes each—the impatient man, who pulls the bell twice in quick succession, and does not wait long before trying it again; the one of more phlegmatic temperature whose ring is slower and more substantial; the hesitating woman who draws the knob out in a succession of nervous jerks, the seedy individual with matches to sell, who stretches the wire carefully to its full length and then allows it to relax with a faint, apologetic tinkle; and the jolly friend who knows he is welcome, and therefore grasps the knob with a hearty swing that is fairly eloquent with good nature, and sets the bell to shaking its sides with such peals of echoing laughter that it positively cannot stop at once, but subsides gradually with a merry, irrepressible little titter. A doorbell has as many voices as visitors.

LAWNS AND FLOWER GARDEN.

Winter Rest at an End—Manure for the Lawn—Village Garden.

Winter's rest is almost at an end, and if the "resting" time has been spent to the advantage of horticulture, there ought to be a considerable fund of knowledge stored away and developing into new experiments which, it is hoped, will give better returns for the labor expended. A careful horticulturist always sees work ahead, and if advice has been followed there should be no shortage of compost or good planting soil. Lawn mowers and garden utensils are in proper condition; in fact, everything is in such a shape as to be ready to be put into use directly it is wanted.

The herbaceous border must not be overlooked. In places here and there the storms of winter have removed the covering, which must be replaced at once for this alternate thawing and freezing is more dangerous to our plants than is the extreme cold. Our tender shrubs and conifers must also be looked to for their covering. Evergreen herbaceous plants should receive attention during wet weather by having the covering removed from them to prevent rotting. If covered by a wooden box or loose boards even, there is not so much danger of their decay.

Manure that was hauled on to the lawns during cold weather, and which consequently has remained in lumps should be raked uniformly over the lawns as soon as the weather permits. The spring rains will then have a better chance to wash down into the ground the food ingredients and there will be but little material left to be raked off later on.

The average city garden is undoubtedly too small for bedding plants to be used in it. Here they should be confined to a vase or two, or in some instances, perhaps, in a border, or an oval bed at the intersection of the walks. Let us leave greenhouse plants for portico decorations if the necessary work has not been done by the hardy vines, or for window boxes, and indeed this last scheme is to be more encouraged, for to many city people it is their only method of being able to enjoy a few flowers during summer.

Tobacco Stems.

Tobacco stems supply both nitrogen and potash. These stems must not be confused with tobacco stalks. Stems are the midribs of the leaf that are discarded when the leaf is cut into wrappers, or stemmed for the English markets. They are largely employed in fertilizing tobacco fields, also potatoes, corn, grass and other potash-feeding crops. Stems vary considerably in analysis, according to the quantity of sand and water present; but they are usually a good purchase at $10 per ton. Kentucky stems contain about 25 per cent water, organic and volatile matter 62 per cent (including nitrogen 1.8 per cent), and mineral matter 13 per cent, of which about 8 per cent is potash and 1 per cent phosphoric acid. Seedleaf stems are usually drier, containing about the same quantity of nitrogen and phosphoric acid, but one-fourth less potash. As with all coarse material, stems should be applied very early in the spring, and the better plan is to plow them under in the fall. They supply both nitrogen and potash, and are well suited to the tobacco crop. They are so popular in the Connecticut valley that all the stems available have been used, and before the season for selling closed (about June 10), each year has found the dealers with their stocks exhausted and their late orders unfilled, from 3,000 to 5,000 tons of stems being used annually.

Manure for Roses.

Mr. Miller, the rose grower at Messrs. Strauss' establishment, Washington, D. C., inaugurated a series of experiments last summer, with the view of determining the best food for roses. Most of the space in two of the houses is devoted to these experiments. Mr. Miller is evidently thoroughly familiar with chemistry, as applied to horticulture. However, he says he wouldn't care if there was no other than cow manure to be had so far as the feeding of roses is concerned. Mr. Miller has kept a careful record of the cut from each batch of roses grown in the different manures and soils. There is also an experiment on a small scale, dealing with the firming of the soil around the bushes when planting. Two lots, side by side, didn't show any difference in the growth, yet one of them was planted according to the orthodox method of firming the soil, the other was planted as loosely as possible.

A Standby and its Improvement.

"The good old petunia" is so old and so common that many are inclined to pass it scornfully. Its value for the window box never fails to appear with experience, and as a window pot plant it seldom fails to give the best results (in single forms, at least), unless the heat is too great. Those who know only the good old petunia could hardly believe their eyes if newly introduced to the good new petunia. In size, in form, in coloring, the improvements are marvelous, while the satisfactory character of the plant is still one of its best features. An exceedingly fine veranda box seen last fall showed nothing else anywhere approaching a pale pink double petunia, of only medium size, but extremely noriferous. In its solid pink doubleness and round smoothness of form it much resembled a dinty pink rose. Cuttings taken from it in the fall are now budding.

Western Wisdom in Solid Chunks.

H. F. McIntosh, the able editor of the Cultivator, Omaha, has a significant editorial in the number for Feb. 1 on "Reorganizing the Nebraska State Board of Agriculture." "It is an open question," says he, "whether or not the annual fair has been of any real value, and the holding of a fair is the only work done by the Nebraska State Board of Agriculture." He again says "the 'show business' era for agricultural societies does not meet the demands of an educational age." A law has been introduced into the legislature to reorganize the State Board which at present has on its rolls members who are described as "without having business interests which by any stretch of the imagination can be associated with agriculture." Nebraska is moving in the right direction.

WALTER BAKER & CO.'S

Breakfast Cocoa

Costs less than One Cent a cup.

Be sure that the Package bears our Trade-Mark.

A Perfect Food. Pure, Nutritious, Delicious.

WALTER BAKER & CO. Limited.

Established 1780.

DORCHESTER, MASS.

TRADE-MARK.

THE MARKETS.

PITTSBURG, July 25.

WHEAT—No. 1, 60-pound test, 68@69c; No. 2 red, 65@66c.

CORN—Shelled yellow, No. 2, 39½@40c; high mixed do. 38@39c, mixed, 37@37½c; ear No. 2, yellow, 41@42c; high mixed, 39@40c; mixed, 37@38c; low mixed, 36@37c.

OATS—No. 1 white, 33@33½c; No. 2 white, 31@32c; extra No. 3, 30@30½c; No. 3 regular, 29@29½c.

HAY—No. 1 timothy, $11.75@12.00; No. 2 timothy, $10.50@11.00; No. 3 timothy, $9.00@10.00; No. 1 clover mixed, $10.00@11.00; No. 1 clover, $9.25@9.50; No. 1 prairie, $8.50@9.00; No. 2 prairie, $8.00@8.50; No. 3 prairie, $8.00@8.50; No. 4 prairie, $7.50@8.00; packing hay, $8.00@8.25; No. 1 timothy from country wagons, $12.50@13.50.

POULTRY—Live—Large chickens, 80@90c per pair; small, 65@75c; spring chickens, 30@50c, as to size; ducks, 40@50c per pair; turkeys, 7@8c per pound; geese, 90c@$1.00 per pair. Dressed—Chickens, old, 12@14c per pound; spring, 15@17c; ducks, 13@15c; turkeys, 13@14c; geese, 7@8c.

BUTTER—Elgin prints, 21c; extra creamery, 19½@20c; Ohio fancy creamery, 17@17½c; country roll, 10@11c; low grade and cooking, 9@10c.

CHEESE—Full cream, Ohio, new, 8¾@9¼c; three-quarters, 8½@9c; New York state, full cream, new, 9¼@9½c; Wisconsin, 13@13½c; 25-pound brick, Swiss, 12½@13c; limburger, new, 9½@10c.

EGGS—Strictly fresh Pennsylvania and Ohio, in cases, 12@12½c; southern, 11½@12c; (1c additional for candling).

PITTSBURG, July 25.

CATTLE—Receipts light on Monday, 70 cars on sale, mostly medium and common grades; market active and prices shade higher. Today supply light. We quote as follows: Extra, $5.50@5.60; prime, $5.30@5.40; good, $5.20@5.30; tidy, $4.90@5.10; fair, $4.40@4.80; common, $3.50@4.20; heifers, $3.25@4.75; oxen, $2.50@4.75; bulls and stags, $2.50@4.25; common to good fat cows, $2.25@4.00; good fresh cows, $40.00@55.00; fair, $25.00@35.00; bologna cows, $10.0 @20.00.

HOGS—Receipts light on Monday; the market was active; prices higher. Today the run is again light; market steady. We quote: Best pigs, medium weights and best Yorkers, $4.80@4.85; common to fair Yorkers, $4.70@4.75; heavy hogs, $4.70@4.75; grassers, $4.6 @4.70; good roughs, $3.75@4.10; stags and common roughs, $3.00@3.50.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Supply light on Monday, 15 cars on sale; market steady; prices 10 higher on sneep; lambs steady. Today run light; market slow. We quote: Choice wethers, $4.70@4.80; good do, $4.45@4.60; fair mixed, $4.25@4.20; common, $2.00@3.00; spring lambs, $3.75@5.75; veal calves, $6.0.@6.50; heavy and thin, $4.00@5.00.

CINCINNATI, July 25.

HOGS—Market dull and weak at $3.85@4.75.

CATTLE—Market steady at $3.25@5.15.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Market for sheep steady at $2.00@4.10. Lambs—Market steady at $3.75@6.50.

NEW YORK, July 25.

WHEAT—Spot market firm; No. 2 red, 77¾c f. o. b. afloat spot; No. 1 northern Duluth, 78¾c f. o. b. afloat spot; No. 1 hard Duluth, 85⅜c f. o. b. afloat to arrive; No. 2 red, 75⅞c in elevator.

CORN—Spot market steady; No. 2, 35¼c f. o. b. afloat, 37c in elevator.

OATS—Spot market weaker; No. 2, 28½c; No. 3, 29c; No. 2 white, 30c; No. 3 white, 29c; track mixed western, 28@30c.

CATTLE—No trading; feeling firm; no later cables.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Market for sheep steady; lambs in heavy supply declined 25@40c; 9 cars unsold. Common to good sheep, $3.25@4.50; medium to prime lambs, $5.00@6.87½; choice do, $7.00; most of sales, $5.00@6.75; culls, $4.00.

HOGS—None for sale; market nominally firm.

Try Allen's Foot-Ease,

A powder to be shaken into the shoes. At this season your feet feel swollen, nervous and hot, and get tired easily. If you have smarting feet or tight shoes, try Allen's Foot-Ease. It cools the feet and makes walking easy. Cures swollen and sweating feet, blisters and callous spots. Relieves corns and bunions of all pain and gives rest and comfort. Try it today. Sold by all druggists and shoe dealers for 25c. Trial package free. Address Allen S. Olmstead, LeRoy, N. Y.

Capt. William Astor Chanler,

Congressman from New York, is the president of THE NEW YORK STAR, which is giving away a FORTY DOLLAR BICYCLE daily, as offered by their advertisement in another column. Hon. Amos J Cummings, M. C., Col. Asa Bird Gardner, District Attorney of New York, ex-Governor Hogg, of Texas, and Col. Fred Feigl, of New York, are among the well known names in their Board of Directors.

'Never Burn a Candle at Both Ends.'

If you do your light will soon be gone and you will be in the dark. Don't think you can go on drawing vitality from the blood for nerves, stomach, brain and muscles without doing something to replace it. Hood's Sarsaparilla gives nerve, mental and digestive strength by enriching and vitalizing the blood. Thus it helps people who are overworked and tired.

Hood's Pills are non-irritating, mild, effective.

Shake Into Your Shoes

Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder for the the feet. It cures painful, swollen, smarting, nervous feet, and instantly takes the sting out of corns and bunions. It's the greatest comfort discovery of the age. Allen's Foot-Ease makes tight or new shoes feel easy. It is a certain cure for sweating, callous and hot, tired, aching feet. Try it today. Sold by all druggists and shoe stores. By mail for 25c in stamps. Trial package free. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

Give the Children a Drink

called Grain-O. It is a delicious, appetizing, nourishing food drink to take in place of coffee. Sold by all grocers and liked by all who have used it because when properly prepared it tastes like the finest coffee, but is free from all injurious properties. Grain-O aids digestion and strengthens the nerves. It is not a stimulant, but a health builder, and children, as well as adults, can drink it with great benefit. Costs about ¼ as much as coffee. 15 and 25c.

TODAY'S MARKETS.

Latest Reports From the Centers of Trade.

The following tables show the fluctuations of stock, as reported by F. P. Drake's exchange:

CHICAGO, July 26—Early rally in wheat was on bad crop news and better cables. Swartz Duper heavy sellers on July. Buying orders scattered. Receipts better.

CHICAGO.

	Opening.	Highest.	Lowest	Closing.
Wheat				
July	70¾	70¾	69½	70¾
Sept	71⅜	71¾	71¼	71⅝
Dec	73⅜	73⅝	73¼@73⅜	73½
Corn				
July	32½	32½	32¼	32⅜
Sept.	32	32⅜	32	32⅜
Oats.				
July	24¾	25	24	24
Sept.	19½	19⅝	19½	19½
Pork				
Sept	8 75	8 82	8 75	8 80
Lard				
Sept.	5 37	5 40	5 37	5 37

NEW YORK, July 26—The stock market today was very quiet. Big purchasers of Gas and K. T. by Flower, caused these stocks to advance about 1 point. Money 4 per cent.

NEW YORK.

	Opening.	High.	Low.	Close
American Sugar	156¾	157½	156¼	156½
American Tobacco	97¼	97½	96⅞	97½
Atchison (Pfd.)	61⅝	62	61	61¼
C. B. & Q.	136¾	137	136¼	136½
Federal Steel	58	58	57¾	57¾
U. S. Leather (pfd)	72⅜	72¾	72¼	72¼
Manhattan	117⅞	118¼	117½	117½
Missouri Pacific	47¾	48⅛	47½	47¼
Louisville & Nashville	71⅞	73¾	73¼	73⅝
Northern Pacific (pfd)	77¼	77¼	77	77

TOLEDO, July 26 — [By Associated Press]—Wheat 72¼

The Massillon Market.

The following prices are paid by Massillon merchants today:

GRAIN, HAY, STRAW AND WOOL.	
Wheat	70
Hay, per ton	7 00 to 7 50
Straw, per ton	5 00
Corn	36-38
Oats	26-27
Clover Seed	3 50
Timothy Seed	1 00 to 1 15
Rye, per bu	40
Barley	50
Flax seed	1 25
Wool	15 to 18
FRUITS AND VEGETABLES.	
Potatoes, (new) per bushel	35-40
Onions, per bushel	65
Beets, per bushel	60
Apples	40-50
Cabbage, per dozen	50
Dried peaches, peeled	08 to 10
Dried peaches, unpeeled	04 to 05
Evaporated apples	08 to 10
Onions	65
White beans	1 25
BUTTER, EGGS AND POULTRY.	
Butter	14-15
Eggs	10
Chickens, live, spring, each	20-30
Chickens, dressed	10
Turkeys, live	08
Turkeys, dressed	14
MEATS AND CHEESE.	
Sausage	06
Spare Ribs	06
Backbone	06
Ham	09
Shoulder	05
Lard	05½
Sides	06 to 07
Cheese	11
The following are retail prices:	
Bran, per 100 lbs	85
Middlings per 100 lbs	90

A $40.00 Bicycle Given Away Daily.

The publishers of THE NEW YORK STAR, the handsomely illustrated Sunday newspaper, are giving a HIGH GRADE BICYCLE each day for the largest list of words made by using the letters contained in

T-H-E N-E-W Y-O-R-K S-T-A-R

no more times in any one word than it is found in THE NEW YORK STAR. Webster's Dictionary to be considered authority. TWO GOOD WATCHES (first class timekeepers) will be given daily for second and third best lists, and many other valuable rewards, including Dinner Sets, Tea Sets, China, Sterling Silverware, etc., etc., in order of merit. This educational contest is being given to advertise and introduce this successful weekly into new homes, and all prizes will be awarded promptly without partiality. Twelve 2-cent stamps must be inclosed for thirteen weeks trial subscription with full particulars and list of over 300 valuable rewards. Contest opens and awards commence Monday, June 26th, and closes Monday, August 21st, 1899. Your list can reach us any day between these dates, and will receive the award to which it may be entitled for that day, and your name will be printed in the following issue of THE NEW YORK STAR. Only one list can be entered by the same person. Prizes are on exhibition at THE STAR'S business offices. Persons securing bicycles may have choice of Ladies', Gentlemen's or Juveniles' 1899 model, color or size desired. Call or address Dept. "E," THE NEW YORK STAR, 236 W. 39th Street, New York City.

For sores, Ulcers, burns, galls, pilles, nothing so good as Banner Salve, the most healing medicine in the world. 25c. Rider & Snyder.

$13.50 to Atlantic City and Return.

From any point on C., T. & V. R. R., August 3 '99. Tickets good for stopover of ten days at Washington, Baltimore and Philadelphia within final return limit of fifteen days. Call on ticket agents C., T & V. or B & O. R. R., or address J. E. Galbraith, Traffic Manager, Cleveland, O.

Sheriff's Sale.

THE STATE OF OHIO, STARK COUNTY } ss. Case No. 13,468

Henry Wagner vs. Wm. Wagner, et. al. } ORDER OF SALE

By virtue of an order of sale in partition issued by the Clerk of the Court of Common Pleas of Stark County, Ohio, and to me directed I will offer for sale at public auction, in the City of Massillon, on the premises, on

Saturday, August 5, 1899,

the following described real estate, to-wit:

Situated in the City of Massillon, County of Stark, and State of Ohio, and known as and being a part of lot number three hundred and seven (307) of the City of Massillon according to the new schedule of the lots of said City, bounded as follows:—Beginning at a point on the north line of Tremont street fifty (50) feet west from the southeast corner of said lot, and running thence west along the north line of Tremont street sixty (60) feet; thenee north parallel with West street to Charles street; thence east parallel with Tremont street sixty (60) feet, and thence south to the place of beginning. The street number of said premises is 71 West Tremont Street.

Appraised at twelve hundred ($1200) dollars.

TERMS:—One-third cash, one-third in one year and one-third in two years, with interest and notes secured by mortgage on the premises.

Sale to commence at 2 o'clock p. m.

JOHN J ZAISER, Sheriff.

R. W. McCaughey, Attorney.

Sheriff's Sale.

THE STATE OF OHIO, STARK COUNTY, ss. }

Charles. E. Oberlin vs. Philip Gravius, et. al. } ORDER OF SALE.

By virtue of an order of sale issued by the Clerk of the Court of Common Pleas of Stark County, Ohio, and to me directed I will offer for sale at public auction at the door of the court house, in the city of Canton, on

Saturday, August 26, 1899,

the following described real estate to-wit:

Situated in the City of Massillon, County of Stark, and State of Ohio, and described as follows: Known as part of lot 22 in the amicable partition of lands made by W. S. Wetmore, R. S. Fay, and the executors of Amos Binney; also known as out-lot 83 according to the new numbering of the new map and described as follows: Beginning at a point on the east line of Henry street, one hundred and fifty (150) feet south of West Tremont street, thence south along said east line of Henry street seventy-eight and one-half (78½) feet; thence east and parallel with the south line of West Tremont street one hundred and twenty-six (126) feet; thence north parallel with the said east line of Henry street seventy-eight and one-half (78½) feet; thence west and parallel with the said south line of West Tremont street one hundred and twenty-six (126) feet to said east line of Henry street and place of beginning.

Appraised at $600.00.

Terms:—Cash.

Sale to commence at 10 o'clock a. m.

JOHN J. ZAISER, Sheriff.

Willison & Day, Attorneys.

Sheriff's Sale.

THE STATE OF OHIO, STARK COUNTY } ss. Case No. 13,543

The Peoples Building & Loan Co. vs. Charles Draband. } Order of Sale.

By virtue of an order of sale issued by the Clerk of the Court of Common Pleas of Stark County, Ohio, and to me directed, I will offer for sale at public auction, at the door of the Court House, in the City of Canton, on

Saturday, August 26, 1899,

the following described real estate, to-wit:

Situated in the City of Massillon, County of Stark and State of Ohio, and known as and being lot number ninety six (96) in Albright & Webb's out-lots in Perry Township, Stark County, Ohio, according to the plat thereof, as recorded in volume 2, page 89, of the plat records of Stark County, said allotment being now a part of the Second ward of the City of Massillon. Said lot is now known as lot number eighteen hundred and forty-three (1843) of the City of Massillon according to the new schedule of lots of said City, and the house number is No. 2 Superior Street.

Appraised at $1,000.

Terms:—Cash.

Sale to commence at 10 o'clock a. m.

JOHN J. ZAISER, Sheriff.

R. W. McCAUGHEY, Attorney.

Sheriff's Sale.

THE STATE OF OHIO, STARK COUNTY, ss } Case No. 13,544

John Hair vs. Noah Hair et al } Order of Sale.

By virtue of an order of sale in partition issued by the Clerk of Court of Common Pleas of Stark County, Ohio, and to me directed, I will offer for sale at public auction, at the door of the Court House, in the City of Canton, on

Saturday, August 26, 1899,

the following described real estate, to-wit:

The one undivided one-fifth part of the following described real estate, situated in the County of Stark and State of Ohio, and known as and being the west half of the south-east quarter of Section 21, Township No. 9, (Bethlehem) and range No. 7, containing eighty (80) acres more or less.

Appraised at Thirty-six Hundred ($3,600) Dollars.

TERMS:—One-third cash, one third in one year and one-third in two years, with interest and notes secured by mortgage on the premises.

Sale to commence at 10 o'clock a. m.

JOHN J ZAISER, Sheriff.

Welty & Albaugh, attorneys.

Sheriff's Sale.

STATE OF OHIO, STARK COUNTY, } ss

R. A. Pinn vs. Wm. S. Silvers } ORDER OF SALE.

By virtue of an order of sale in attachment issued by the Clerk of the Court of Common Pleas of Stark County, Ohio, and to me directed, I will offer for sale at public auction, at the door of the Court House, in the city of Canton, on

Saturday, August 26, 1899,

the following described property, to-wit:

Situate in the Township of Perry, County of Stark, and State of Ohio, and known as the leasehold interest of W. S. Silvers, in lands of the following described persons, to-wit: M. J. Snively, 50 acres; for more particular description as per lease record Vol. 7, page 440; C. E. Jarvis, 165 acres; for more particular description as per lease record Vol. 7, page 440; N. S. Russell and Russell & Co., 20 acres; for more particular description as per lease record Vol. 7, page 440; Russell & Co., 165 acres; for more particular description as per lease record Vol. 7, page 440; McLain & Russell, 79 acres; for more particular description as per lease record Vol. 7, page 440; George W. Merwin, 12 acres; for more particular description as per lease record Vol. 7, page 440; Perry E. Doll, 40 acres; for more particular description as per lease record Vol. 7, page 440; R. A. Pinn, 10 acres; for more particular description as per lease record Vol. 7, page 440; A. Kegler, 80 acres; for more particular description as per lease record Vol. 7, page 440; E. S. Martin, 14 acres; for more particular description as per lease record Vol. 7, page 440; J. E. Schandel, 11 acres; for more particular description as per lease record Vol. 7, page 440.

Appraised at: First, $25.00; second, $83.00; third, $10.00; fourth, $83.00; fifth, $34.00; sixth, $6.00; seventh, $20.00; eighth, $70.00; ninth, $5.00; tenth, $40.00; eleventh, $7.00; twelfth, $5.50

Terms cash.

Sale to commence at 10 o'clock a. m.

JOHN J. ZAISER, Sheriff.

Harter, Kreighbaum & Pinn, Attorneys.

Notice of Appointment.

The undersigned has been duly appointed executor of the estate of Ann Cooney, late of Stark county, Ohio, deceased.

Dated the 17th day of July, 1899

THOMAS KENNEDY, Executor.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®